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Stability and Isolation Phenomena for Yang-Mills Fields

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Abstract. In this article a series of results concerning Yang-Mills fields over the euclidean sphere and other locally homogeneous spaces are proved using differential geometric methods. One of our main results is to prove that any weakly stable Yang-Mills field over S^4 with group $G = SU_2$, SU_3 or U_2 is either self-dual or anti-self-dual. The analogous statement for SO₄-bundles is also proved. The other main series of results concerns gap-phenomena for Yang-Mills fields. As a consequence of the non-linearity of the Yang-Mills fields which contain no other Yang-Mills fields. In this part of the study the nature of the group G does not matter, neither is the dimension of the base manifold constrained to be four.

1. Introduction and Statement of Results

The purpose of this article is to prove a series of results concerning Yang-Mills fields over the euclidean sphere and other locally homogeneous spaces by using differential geometric methods. Many of these results were announced in [7].

Our basic set-up is the following. We consider a compact riemannian manifold M and a principal G-bundle P over M where G is a compact Lie group. On the space \mathscr{C}_P of connections on G we consider the Yang-Mills functional

$$\mathscr{Y}\mathcal{M}(\nabla) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{M} \|R^{\nabla}\|^2,$$

where R^{\vee} is the curvature of the connection ∇ in \mathscr{C}_p and where the norm is defined in terms of the riemannian metric on M and a fixed Ad_G -invariant scalar product on the Lie algebra g of G.

Critical points of the smooth function $\mathscr{YM}:\mathscr{C}_{p} \to \mathbb{R}$ are precisely those connections whose curvature tensors are "harmonic". These critical points are

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