

## Spectral Decomposition of Path Space in Solvable Lattice Model

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**Abstract:** We give the *spectral decomposition* of the path space of the  $U_q(\widehat{sl}_2)$  vertex model with respect to the local energy functions. The result suggests the hidden Yangian module structure on the  $\widehat{sl}_2$  level l integrable modules, which is consistent with the earlier work [1] in the level one case. Also we prove the fermionic character formula of the  $\widehat{sl}_2$  level l integrable representations in consequence.

## 1. Introduction

In the last decade of investigation, various close relations between the solvable lattice model and the conformal field theory have been revealed (for example, [2-5]). The aim of this article is to point out a new interesting relation between the spectrum in the solvable lattice model and the hidden quantum symmetry in the conformal field theory.

Consider the higher spin vertex model associated with the l + 1 irreducible representation of  $U_q(\hat{sl}_2)$  ([6,7]). It is well-known that the characters of the  $\hat{sl}_2$  or  $U_q(\hat{sl}_2)$  level l integrable representations  $\mathscr{L}(k)$  can be calculated by using its *path* space  $\mathscr{P}(k)$  ([2,8]). The energy of a path  $\vec{p}$  is given by the sum of a sequence of numbers  $h(\vec{p}) = (h_1(\vec{p}), h_2(\vec{p}), \ldots)$  minus the ground state energy which depends on the corresponding boundary condition. Here  $h_i(\vec{p})$  is the *i*<sup>th</sup> local energy determined from the i + 1<sup>th</sup> component of  $\vec{p}$  and its nearest neighbors by the local energy function. We propose the fact that the local energy functions not only play a combinatorial role, but also can be regarded as the  $q \to 0$  limit of the local integrals of motion which commutes with the corner transfer matrix.

At q = 0, the energy of a path  $\vec{p}$  is essentially the eigenvalue of the logarithm of the corner transfer matrix on the one dimensional configuration space  $\sum_{\vec{p} \in \mathscr{P}(k)} C\vec{p}$ . Hence  $\vec{p}$  itself is the "eigenvector" of the corner transfer matrix, and at the same time it is a simultaneous "eigenvector" of the mutually commuting infinitely many "local operators"  $h_i$  at q = 0.

In this paper we studied the *spectral decomposition* of the path space with respect to the local energy functions  $h_i$ . That is, we decomposed the path space