© Springer-Verlag 1992

## Level-Rank Duality of WZW Models in Conformal Field Theory

## Tomoki Nakanishi and Akihiro Tsuchiya

Department of Mathematics, Nagoya University, Chikusa-ku, Nagoya, 464, Japan

Received August 13, 1990

Dedicated to Professor Masahisa Adachi on his 60th birthday

**Abstract.** We consider the decomposition of the conformal blocks under the conformal embeddings. The case  $\widehat{gl}(lr)_1 \supset \widehat{sl}(l)_r \times \widehat{sl}(r)_l \times \widehat{a}$  ( $\widehat{a}$  is an affine extension of the abelian subalgebra of the central elements of gl(lr)) is studied in detail. The reciprocal decompositions of  $\widehat{gl}(lr)_1$ -modules induce a pairing between the spaces of conformal blocks of  $\widehat{sl}(l)_r$  and  $\widehat{sl}(r)_l$  Wess-Zumino-Witten models on the Riemann sphere. The completeness of the pairing is shown. Hence it defines a *duality* between two spaces.

## 1. Introduction

The curiosity about the affine Lie algebras pair  $s\dot{l}(l)_r$  and  $s\dot{l}(r)_l$  have appeared in several contexts. In [F], it was found that there is a mutually commutative embedding of affine Lie algebras

$$\widehat{sl}(l)_r \times \widehat{sl}(r)_l \subset \widehat{gl}(lr)_1. \tag{1.1}$$

Remarkably, mutually transposed pairs of representations  $Y \otimes {}^t Y$  of  $\widehat{sl}(l)_r \times \widehat{sl}(r)_l$  appeared in the reciprocal decomposition of irreducible representations of  $\widehat{gl}(lr)_1$  [F], and the decomposition formula for the character of  $\widehat{gl}(lr)_1$  [JM]. The branching rule of the embedding (1.1) was studied in [H, ABI] in detail.

For any reductive affine Lie algebra, one can associate a Wess-Zumino-Witten (WZW) model [Wi] using the Sugawara construction [KZ, GWi]. Recently, two direct connections between  $\widehat{sl}(l)_r$  and  $\widehat{sl}(r)_l$  WZW models were found: The first one is an equality between the fusion rules of the both models proved in [KN, GWe] and partially proved in [SA]:

$$N_{Y_1Y_2}^{Y_3} \widehat{sl}(l)_r = N_{tY_1tY_2}^{tY_3} \widehat{sl}(l)_l, \tag{1.2}$$

where the Young diagrams  $Y_i$  representing the primary fields, their sizes  $|Y_i|$  are related as  $|Y_1| + |Y_2| = |Y_3|$  and  ${}^tY$  is the transposition of Y. The second one is strong evidence of the existence of a duality relation between the conformal blocks of 4-point functions of both models [NS].