

A “Transversal” Fundamental Theorem for Semi-Dispersing Billiards

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Dedicated to Joel L. Lebowitz on the occasion of his 60th birthday

Abstract. For billiards with a hyperbolic behavior, Fundamental Theorems ensure an abundance of geometrically nicely situated and sufficiently large stable and unstable invariant manifolds. A “Transversal” Fundamental Theorem has recently been suggested by the present authors to prove *global ergodicity* (and then, as an easy consequence, the K-property) of semi-dispersing billiards, in particular, the global ergodicity of systems of $N \geq 3$ elastic hard balls conjectured by the celebrated *Boltzmann-Sinai ergodic hypothesis*. (In fact, the suggested “Transversal” Fundamental Theorem has been successfully applied by the authors in the cases $N = 3$ and 4.) The theorem generalizes the Fundamental Theorem of Chernov and Sinai that was really the fundamental tool to obtain *local ergodicity* of semi-dispersing billiards. Our theorem, however, is stronger even in their case, too, since its conditions are simpler and weaker. Moreover, a complete set of conditions is formulated under which the Fundamental Theorem and its consequences like the Zig-zag theorem are valid for general semi-dispersing billiards beyond the utmost interesting case of systems of elastic hard balls. As an application, we also give conditions for the ergodicity (and, consequently, the K-property) of dispersing-billiards. “Transversality” means the following: instead of the stable and unstable foliations occurring in the Chernov-Sinai formulation of the stable version of the Fundamental Theorem, we use the stable foliation and an arbitrary nice one transversal to the stable one.

1. Introduction

Smooth dynamical systems with singularities satisfying a hyperbolicity condition play an utmost important role in the theory of dynamical systems for (i) they contain such interesting classes as systems of elastic hard balls or – more generally

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