

Parallel Transport in the Determinant Line Bundle: The Non-Zero Index Case

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Abstract. For a product family of Weyl operators of possibly non-zero index on a compact manifold X , we express parallel transport in the determinant line bundle in terms of the spectral asymmetry of a Dirac operator on $\mathbb{R} \times X$. This generalizes the results of [7], where we dealt only with invertible operators.

0. Introduction

Let X be a compact spin manifold of even dimension with spin bundle $S = S_+ \oplus S_- \rightarrow X$ and let $E \rightarrow X$ be a hermitian vector bundle over X . Let \bar{S} and \bar{E} be the pullbacks of S and E to $\mathbb{R} \times X$ with the induced inner products and let $\bar{\nabla}^E$ be a connection on \bar{E} . Thus $\bar{\nabla}^E = d_{\mathbb{R}} + \theta + \nabla_{(\cdot)}^E$, where $\theta \in \Omega^1(\mathbb{R}) \otimes C^\infty(X, \text{End } E)$ and for each $y \in \mathbb{R}$, ∇_y^E is a connection on $E \rightarrow X$. Let ∂_y be the Weyl operators $\partial_y: L^2(X, S_+ \otimes E) \rightarrow L^2(X, S_- \otimes E)$ coupled to the connection ∇_y^E and the (y -independent) metric on X .

The constructions of [5] applied to these data yield a smooth determinant line bundle \mathcal{L} over \mathbb{R} with a natural hermitian metric and compatible connection. If index $\partial_y = 0$, \mathcal{L} has a canonical section. In [8] we assumed that for all y , $\text{Ker } \partial_y = 0$ and $\text{Ker } \partial_y^\dagger = 0$, and we gave a formula expressing parallel transport in \mathcal{L} in terms of this section and the spectral asymmetry $\eta(H)$ of the formally self-adjoint Dirac operator H on $L^2(\mathbb{R} \times X, \bar{S} \otimes \bar{E})$ coupled to the connection $\bar{\nabla}^E$ and the product metric on $\mathbb{R} \times X$.

In this paper we investigate parallel transport in the case that index ∂_y is not necessarily zero. We continue to assume that $\text{Ker } \partial_y = 0$, but now weaken the assumption $\text{Ker } \partial_y^\dagger = 0$ by assuming only that there exists a $V_- \subset L^2(X, S_- \otimes E)$ which is a complement to $\text{Ker } \partial_y^\dagger$ for all y . Let V_-^\perp be the orthogonal complement of V_- viewed as a trivial sub-bundle of the Hilbert bundle $\mathcal{H}_- = \mathbb{R} \times L^2(X, S_- \otimes E)$, and give V_- the connection induced by orthogonal projection

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