

## An Example of Absence of Turbulence for Any Reynolds Number: II\*

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**Abstract.** We study a viscous incompressible fluid moving in a two dimensional flat torus  $[0, L] \times [0, 2\pi]$ ,  $L < 2\pi$ . We show a set of external forces for which the stationary state is attractive for any Reynolds number  $R$ . Moreover, the size of this set and the basin of attraction are independent of  $R$ .

In a previous paper [1] we have considered a viscous incompressible fluid moving in a two dimensional flat torus  $[0, L] \times [0, 2\pi]$ ,  $L \leq 2\pi$ . We have shown an external force  $\mathbf{f}_0$  for which there is a globally attractive stationary state for any Reynolds number  $R$ . Moreover, we proved that this stability property holds also for a neighbourhood of  $\mathbf{f}_0$  of size *depending on*  $R$  (and vanishing for  $R \rightarrow \infty$ ). In the present paper we demonstrate that actually for  $L < 2\pi$  the size of this neighbourhood is *independent of*  $R$ .

The Navier-Stokes equations governing the motion are

$$\partial_t \mathbf{u} + (\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{u} = -\nabla p + \mathbf{f} + \nu \Delta \mathbf{u}, \quad \mathbf{u}(0) = 0, \tag{1}$$

$$\partial_x u_x + \partial_y u_y = 0, \tag{2}$$

$$\int_D \mathbf{u} d\mathbf{x} = 0; \quad \int_D \mathbf{f} d\mathbf{x} = 0,$$

$$D = [0, L] \times [0, 2\pi]; \quad \mathbf{x} = (x, y) = x\mathbf{c}_1 + y\mathbf{c}_2 \in D,$$

where  $\mathbf{u}(x, t)$  is the velocity,  $p(x, t) \in R^+$  the pressure,  $\nu > 0$  the viscosity,  $\mathbf{f}(x)$  the external force. All functions involved are periodic of period  $L$  in  $x$  and  $2\pi$  in  $y$ .

We introduce the vorticity  $\omega = \partial_x u_y - \partial_y u_x$ .

Equation (1) becomes

$$\partial_t \omega + (\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla) \omega = F + \nu \Delta \omega, \tag{3}$$

where

$$F = \partial_x f_y - \partial_y f_x.$$

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