

Generic Triviality of Phase Diagrams in Spaces of Long-Range Interactions

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Abstract. We show that interactions with multiple translation-invariant equilibrium states form a very "thin" set in spaces of long-range interactions of classical or quantum lattice systems. For example, generic finite-dimensional subspaces do not intersect this set. This constitutes a severe violation of the Gibbs Phase Rule.

1. Introduction

The work of Daniels and van Enter [1–3] has shown that phase transitions are less stable under long-range perturbations than had been believed, so that Ruelle's "heuristic theory of phase transitions" [7], and the strong form of the Gibbs Phase Rule that it implies, are violated in spaces of long-range interactions. In this paper we extend and generalize those results, and show that the instability of phase transitions is a generic phenomenon, in the sense of Baire category, in these spaces of interactions. This means that phase transitions occur only on a set which is in a sense very "thin," violating much weaker versions of the phase rule.

We will consider either a classical or quantum lattice system on \mathbb{Z}^d (see [4] for notation). In the classical case the configuration space at each site is assumed to be a compact metric space. The Banach space \mathcal{B}_g consists of those translation-invariant interactions Φ with

$$\|\Phi\|_{g} \equiv \sum_{\Omega \in X} g(|X|) \|\Phi(X)\| < \infty$$
, (1.1)

where g is some function on the positive integers, and |X| is the cardinality of X. In order to define equilibrium states by the variational principle, we require $g(n) \ge 1/n$ [in the case g(n) = 1/n we will write \mathcal{B}_g as \mathcal{B}]. Stronger conditions on g [e.g. $g(n) \ge e^{an}$ for some a > 0] allow the use of DLR equations, KMS conditions, etc. Our results hold in any of these spaces, and thus are *not* connected to the

^{*} Research supported by NSERC grant A-4015