

Lax Representation for the Systems of S. Kowalevskaya Type

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Abstract. We describe a number of dynamical systems that are generalizations of the S. Kowalevskaya system and admit the Lax representation.

It is well known (see for example [1, 2]), that the equations of motion of a three-dimensional heavy rigid body rotated about a fixed point is a completely integrable dynamical system only in the cases of Euler [3], Lagrange [4], and S. Kowalevskaya [5]. In the present note we describe a number of systems that are of the Kowalevskaya type and admit the Lax representation¹.

1. Let \mathcal{G} be the Lie algebra of a group G , \mathcal{G}^* be the space dual to \mathcal{G} , $\{x_\alpha\}$ be the coordinates of a point in the space \mathcal{G}^* . In the space $\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{G}^*)$ of smooth functions on \mathcal{G}^* , let us define the Poisson bracket²

$$\{f, g\} = C_{\alpha\beta}^\gamma x_\gamma \partial^\alpha f \partial^\beta g, \quad \partial^\alpha = \partial / \partial x_\alpha. \quad (1)$$

Here $C_{\alpha\beta}^\gamma$ are the structure constants of the Lie algebra. The space $\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{G}^*)$ is endowed by the above formula with the structure of the Lie algebra. A dynamical system in \mathcal{G}^* is determined by a Hamiltonian function $H(x) \in \mathcal{F}$, so that the equations of motion have the form

$$\dot{x}_\alpha = \{H, x_\alpha\}. \quad (2)$$

The coadjoint representation of the group G acts on the space \mathcal{G}^* . Orbits of this representation are invariant with respect to an arbitrary Hamiltonian H , and are the phase spaces of the considered systems.

2. Let G be a compact simple Lie group, K be its subgroup such that the factor space G/K is a symmetric space [6]. Then $\mathcal{G} = \mathcal{K} \oplus \mathcal{S}$, \mathcal{K} is the Lie al-

¹ Note that the Lax representation for equations of motion of a rigid body was discovered first by S. Manakov [8] for some particular cases

² In this note we use the tensor notations; in particular, everywhere repeated indices imply summation