

# A Continuity Property of the Entropy Density for Spin Lattice Systems

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**Abstract.** The entropy density of spin lattice systems is known to be a weak\* upper semi-continuous functional on the set of the lattice invariant states. (It is even weak\* discontinuous.) However we prove here that it is continuous with respect to the norm topology on those states.

## I. Preliminaries

We consider a lattice  $\mathbb{Z}^d$  of  $N$  spin states per lattice site. By  $A \subset \mathbb{Z}^d$  we will always mean a non-empty finite volume and by  $V(A)$  the number of points in it.

To  $A \subset \mathbb{Z}^d$  we associate the local algebra  $\mathcal{A}_A$  of observables:

$$\mathcal{A}_A = \mathcal{B}(\mathcal{H}_A) \quad \text{where} \quad \mathcal{H}_A = \bigotimes_{i \in A} \mathcal{H}_i \quad \text{and each} \quad \mathcal{H}_i$$

is an isomorphic copy of the  $N$ -dimensional Hilbert space  $\mathbb{C}^N$ . For  $A_1 \subset A_2$  we trivially get an isometric embedding of  $\mathcal{A}_{A_1}$  in  $\mathcal{A}_{A_2}$  which maps  $A$  into  $A \otimes 1_{A_2 \setminus A_1}$ . This allows us to construct the  $C^*$ -algebra  $\mathcal{A}$  of quasilocal observables:

$$\mathcal{A} = \overline{\bigcup_{A \subset \mathbb{Z}^d} \mathcal{A}_A}^n.$$

The natural translation mappings  $\tau_x: \mathcal{A}_A \rightarrow \mathcal{A}_{A+x}$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{Z}^d$  extend to a group  $\{\tau_x | x \in \mathbb{Z}^d\}$  of automorphisms of  $\mathcal{A}$ . A state  $\omega$  on  $\mathcal{A}$  is called lattice invariant if  $\omega \circ \tau_x = \omega$  for all  $x \in \mathbb{Z}^d$ . Let  $\mathcal{E}$  denote the set of all lattice invariant states on  $\mathcal{A}$ .

For each state  $\omega$  on  $\mathcal{A}$  and for each  $A \subset \mathbb{Z}^d$  there exists a unique density matrix  $\varrho_A \in \mathcal{B}(\mathcal{H}_A)$  such that  $\forall A \in \mathcal{A}_A \quad \omega(A) = \text{Tr} \varrho_A A$ .

The local entropy density of the state  $\omega$  is given by

$$s_A(\omega) = - \frac{1}{V(A)} \text{Tr} \varrho_A \log \varrho_A.$$

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