# RATIO IN EARLY GREEK MATHEMATICS 

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## Notes

Referencing. The following abbreviated titles are used for books to which frequent page-references are made:

Burkert, $L S=$ Lore and science in ancient Phythagoreanism.
Euclid, $E E=$ Elements, ed. and tr. T. L. Heath, 3 vols.
Heath, $H G M=A$ history of Greek mathematics, 2 vols.
Knorr, $E E E=$ The evolution of the Euclidean elements.
Thomas, $S G M=$ Selections illustrating the history of Greek mathematics, 2 vols.
van der Waerden, $S A=$ Science awakening.
Other references are by author and date. Full bibliographical details are listed at the end of the paper.

## 1. Introduction.

Socrates: Are there not two kinds of arithmetic, that of the people and that of philosophers? . . . And how about the arts of reckoning and measuring as they are used in building and in trade when compared with philosophical geometry and elaborate computations-shall we speak of each of these as one or two?
Protarchus: I should say that each of them was two. Plato, Philebus 56D-57E.

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