

ON THE TAMAGAWA NUMBER OF QUASI-SPLIT GROUPS

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1. Introduction. In this paper we give a formula for the Tamagawa number $\tau(G)$ (see [6]) of a connected semisimple quasi-split algebraic group G defined over an algebraic number field F . The method used is that of R. P. Langlands (see [2]).

Let A be the adèles of F ; G_A the locally compact adèle group of G in which the group G_F of F -rational points is embedded.

Let B be the Borel subgroup of G defined over F , and A the maximal torus of B defined over F . $\tau(A)$ is the Tamagawa number of A . L_F (resp. L_F^+) denotes the lattice of F -rational weights of G (resp. of the simply-connected form of G). Let c be the index $[L_F^+ : L_F]$. Then the main formula is

THEOREM. $\tau(G) = c\tau(A)$.

2. Sketch of the proof. Let \mathcal{P} be the orthogonal projection of $L^2(G_F \backslash G_A)$ onto the space of constant functions. Langlands [2] observes the simple relation:

$$(1) \quad (1, 1)(\mathcal{P}\varphi^\sim, \mathcal{P}\psi^\sim) = (\varphi^\sim, 1)(1, \psi^\sim)$$

where $\varphi^\sim, \psi^\sim \in L^2(G_F \backslash G_A)$ and (\cdot, \cdot) is the inner product on $L^2(G_F \backslash G_A)$. As

$$(2) \quad (1, 1) = \int_{G_F \backslash G_A} dg,$$

the problem reduces to the computation of the remaining three terms in (1).

Let $G_\infty = \prod_{v|\infty} G_{F_v}$ where F_v is the completion of F at the place v and “ $v|\infty$ ” means that v is infinite. Let K_∞ be the maximal compact subgroup of G_∞ , and $K_0 = \prod_{v<\infty} G_{0_v}$ where “ $v<\infty$ ” means that v is finite, G_{0_v} is the maximal compact subring of F_v and G_{0_v} is the compact subgroup of G_{F_v} consisting of elements with coefficients in G_{0_v} and whose determinants are units. Put

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¹ This paper is based on the author's Ph. D. dissertation, written at Yale University under Professor G. D. Mostow. The problem and the approach were suggested by R. P. Langlands.