## BILINEAR FORMS AND CYCLIC GROUP ACTIONS

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In a recent paper [2] Conner and Raymond have given an approach to the study of smooth cyclic group actions which employs rational bilinear forms. If  $K^{4n-1} = \partial B^{4n}$  bounds a compact oriented smooth manifold, there is a symmetric nonsingular rational bilinear form on the image of  $H^{2n}(B, K; Q) \rightarrow H^{2n}(B; Q)$  which represents an element w(B) in W(Q), the rational Witt ring. Denoting the signature of this form by sgn(B) and the unit of W(Q) by 1, the *peripheral invariant* of K,

 $per(K) = w(B) - sgn(B) \cdot \mathbf{1},$ 

lies in the kernel of the signature homomorphism  $\Phi: W(Q) \rightarrow Z$  and is independent of the choice of B. In [2] there is associated with any orientation preserving diffeomorphism  $(T, M^{4n})$  of prime period p on a closed manifold an element of the kernel of  $\Phi$  which we denote by q(T, M), an invariant of the equivariant bordism class which vanishes on fixed point free actions. Using the peripheral invariant, Conner and Raymond computed q(T, M), for p=2 or 3, in terms of the fixed point information. The fundamental problem posed in [2] is the extension of this result to all primes.

In this paper we give the general formula for all primes and apply it to establish relationships between the index of M and the index of the fixed set. The essence of the proof is a group isomorphism between the kernel of  $\Phi$  and  $\bigoplus_{p} W(\mathbb{Z}_{p})$  where  $W(\mathbb{Z}_{p})$  is the Witt group of the field  $\mathbb{Z}_{p}$  and the sum ranges over all primes. Using this isomorphism, we establish a relation between the peripheral invariant and the linking form which enables us to extend the definition of per(K) to any closed oriented (4k-1)-manifold.

1. Bilinear forms. Let *B* Fin denote the semigroup of isomorphism classes of symmetric nonsingular bilinear forms on finite abelian groups taking values in Q/Z. Denote by  $W^s(Z)$  the semigroup of stable equivalence classes of nondegenerate integral bilinear forms on finitely

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