## ESSENTIAL SPECTRA OF ELLIPTIC PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS<sup>1</sup>

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Let A be a closed, densely defined operator in a Banach space X. There are several definitions of the "essential" spectrum of A (cf. [1], [2]). According to Wolf [3], [4] it is the complement in the complex plane of the  $\Phi$ -set of A. The  $\Phi$ -set  $\Phi_A$  of A is the set of points  $\lambda$  for which

(a)  $\alpha(A-\lambda)$ , the dimension of the null space of  $A-\lambda$ , is finite

(b)  $R(A-\lambda)$ , the range of  $A-\lambda$ , is closed

(c)  $\beta(A-\lambda)$ , the codimension of  $R(A-\lambda)$ , is finite.

We denote the essential spectrum according to this definition by  $\sigma_{ew}(A)$ . The set  $\sigma_{em}(A)$ , as defined in [1], [2] is obtained by adding to  $\sigma_{ew}(A)$  those points  $\lambda$  for which  $\alpha(A-\lambda) \neq \beta(A-\lambda)$ . It is the largest subset of  $\sigma(A)$  which remains invariant under compact perturbations. Finally, to obtain the set  $\sigma_{eb}(A)$ , which is the essential spectrum according to Browder [5], we add to  $\sigma_{em}(A)$  those points of  $\sigma(A)$  which are not isolated.

Interest in the sets  $\sigma_{ew}(A)$ ,  $\sigma_{em}(A)$ ,  $\sigma_{eb}(A)$  is centered about the fact that they remain invariant under certain perturbations of A. In particular one has

THEOREM 1. Let A and B be closed densely defined operators in X. If  $\lambda_0 \in \rho(A) \cap \rho(B)$  and  $(A - \lambda_0)^{-1} - (B - \lambda_0)^{-1}$  is a compact operator in X, then

(1) 
$$\sigma_{ew}(A) = \sigma_{ew}(B)$$

and

(2) 
$$\sigma_{em}(A) = \sigma_{em}(B).$$

Moreover, if the complement  $C\sigma_{em}(A)$  of  $\sigma_{em}(A)$  is connected, then

(3) 
$$\sigma_{eb}(A) = \sigma_{eb}(B).$$

This theorem was proved in [2] under the additional assumption that  $D(B) \supseteq D(A)$ . For selfadjoint operators the basic idea was employed by Birman [6], Wolf [4] and Rejto [7].

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