THE SPECTRAL THEORY OF SELF-ADJOINT WIENER-HOPF OPERATORS¹

BY JOEL DAVID PINCUS

Communicated by M. Kac, April 5, 1966

Introduction. This note will present a new method for the construction of solutions to the Wiener-Hopf equation

(1)
$$Lx(s) \equiv \int_0^\infty k(s-t)x(t)dt = \xi x(s), \qquad 0 \leq s \leq \infty.$$

However, in addition to presenting an alternate to the Wiener-Hopf factorization method, we will construct results not obtainable by that method; namely a complete spectral representation of self-adjoint operators of the given form. That is, we will construct a direct integral Hilbert space \mathfrak{R}^* which will be characterized in terms of an integer-valued Lebesgue measurable multiplicity function, $m(\xi)$, which we will exhibit explicitly, and an isometric mapping of the basic Hilbert space onto \mathfrak{R}^* given explicitly by a sequence of $m(\xi)$ integral operators whose kernels are generalized eigenfunctions of L; furthermore we will exhibit the transformation inverse to \mathfrak{S} explicitly as a sum of integral operators acting on the components of \mathfrak{R}^* .

These results will be obtained through a simple reduction to the author's previous work on Barrier Related Spectral Problems [1], [2], [3], and we will not require, as it is customary in the standard Wiener-Hopf procedure that $k(t) = O(e^{-a|t|})$ for some a > 0 or that k(t) is real and continuous except for a finite number of jumps [4].

Finally, after exhibiting our method, we will show for a particular standard example how the textbook solutions can be recovered from our formulation.

Assumptions and basic definition. We will require Hermiticity throughout; namely, $k(t) = k(-t)^-$, and, in addition, we require that k(t) and $|k(t)|^2$ be absolutely integrable. For simplicity, we also require that $\hat{k}(\lambda)$, the Fourier transform of k(t), be nonnegative.

Reduction to canonical form. Let P be the orthogonal projection from $L_2(-\infty, \infty)$ onto $L_2(0, \infty)$ such that

¹ This work was performed under the auspices of the U. S. Atomic Energy Commission.

² See [5] however.