

RESEARCH PROBLEMS

6. Richard Bellman: *Asymptotic behavior of solutions of functional equations.*

Write

$$(1) \quad f_N(x) = \max_{\{x_i\}} \sum_{i=1}^N g_i(x_i)$$

where the maximum is taken over the region $x_i \geq 0$, $\sum_{i=1}^N x_i = x$, with $x > 0$. Under what conditions on the sequence $\{g_i(x)\}$ can we assert that $f_N(x) \sim N\phi(x)$ as $N \rightarrow \infty$?

Using the functional equation technique of dynamic programming, we see that

$$(2) \quad f_N(x) = \max_{0 \leq y \leq x} [g_N(y) + f_{N-1}(x - y)].$$

(Received May 25, 1963.)

7. Richard Bellman: *Existence of closed subsystems.*

Consider a system of N simultaneous differential equations of the form $dx_i/dt = g_i(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N)$, $x_i(0) = c_i$, where the g_i are polynomials in the components x_i or, more generally entire functions.

Under what conditions on the g_i do there exist functions $h_i(y_1, y_2, \dots, y_k)$, $k < N$, entire as functions of the y_i , with the property that the functions of t defined by $f_i = h_i(y_1, y_2, \dots, y_k)$, $i = 1, 2, \dots, k$, satisfy a set of simultaneous differential equations of the form $df_i/dt = G_i(f_1, f_2, \dots, f_k)$, where the G_i are entire functions of their arguments? When these new variables exist, how does one determine them?

(Received May 25, 1963.)