

A NEW DEFINITION OF A STIELTJES INTEGRAL*

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Let $f(x)$ be a function of limited variation defined on (α, β) , and x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n a sequence which divides (α, β) into a finite number of intervals. Let $g(x)$ be bounded on (α, β) . If

$$(A) \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n g(x_i) \{f(x_i) - f(x_{i-1})\}$$

exists when $x_i - x_{i-1}$ tends to zero, this limit is the Riemann-Stieltjes integral of g with respect to f . If g is continuous the integral exists. If g is not continuous (A) need not exist. In particular (A) does not exist when g is of bounded variation unless restrictions which are conditioned by g are placed on the sequence x_1, x_2, \dots .

In this note we define an integral of g with respect to f as the Cesàro mean of g formed for a sequence x_1, x_2, \dots of ordinates. This sequence is defined in terms of f only. When the function f , and consequently the method of formation of the sequence x_1, x_2, \dots , has been given, the integral exists for every g which has discontinuities of the first kind only, and reduces to (A) when g is continuous. For the present we shall assume that f is monotone, $f(\alpha+0)=0$, and $f(\beta)=1$. At a later point we shall show how these restrictions can be removed.

The sequence x_1, x_2, \dots is related to the function f in the following manner: Let $a < x \leq b$ be any sub-interval of $\alpha < x \leq \beta$. Let H_n be the number of points of the sequence x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n

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