onally at P_1 , P_2 , P_3 . Detailed consideration of the corresponding fact for the plane has been given in a paper by the writer,* and can easily be extended to space by the reader.

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A CORRECTION

BY EINAR HILLE

In the June number of this Bulletin (vol. 28, No. 5, p. 261), the author published a paper with the title Convex distribution of the zeros of Sturm-Liouville functions. Through an oversight the last paragraph of the paper is inaccurate. We list the necessary corrections below.

Page 264, lines 4–10: Instead of "Note the lineal . . . φ_0 .", read "On l we mark the eventual points a_n as well as the points where either arg $G(z) = \arg G(z_1) + \pi$ or $\theta_z \equiv \varphi_0$ (mod π). Let $z_2 = z_2(\varphi_0)$ be the first of these points, different from z_1 , which we encounter when proceeding along the ray, the rest of which we leave out."

Page 264, line 13: Instead of "an analytic curve", read "either of two analytic curves, namely $A(z_1)$ which is the locus arg $G(z) = \arg G(z_1) + \pi$, and".

Page 264, lines 24–27: Instead of " $l(\varphi_1)$. . . respectively", read " $l(\varphi_1)$, considered as a double ray if necessary, from z_2^- to z_2 and from z_2 to z_2^+ , we make the boundary curve continuous at $\varphi = \varphi_1$ ".

Page 264, line 28: Instead of "cuts", read "straight lines". Page 264, line 30: After "the part of", insert " $A(z_1)$ and". Page 265, first line: Leave out "on the cuts".

Same page, lines 6–10: Replace "Then . . . depends upon z_3 " by "Then we can find an angle ϑ such that the two inequalities

(15)
$$\begin{cases} \vartheta < \Theta < \vartheta + \pi; \\ 2k\pi < \Theta < 2(k+1)\pi; \end{cases} \Theta = \arg \left[G(z)(z-z_1)^2 \right],$$

will hold for all interior points on the segment (z_1, z_3) , where k is some integer".

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^{*}See Lemma III of the paper to which reference has already been made, and also Transactions of this Society, vol. 23 (1922), pp. 67–88, Theorem II.