

Real curve	$u' = .22314$	
X	$u = .5596$	
$\cosh 2u$	1.6945	
$-\cosh 2u'$	-1.1012	
$-\cosh (1.2528 + u)$	-3.1441	
$+\cosh (1.5316)$	2.4209	
	$-.1299$	
Y		
$\sinh 2u$	1.3679	
$-\sinh 2u'$	-.4612	
$-\sinh (1.2528 + u)$	-2.9808	
$\sinh (1.53157)$	2.2047	
	$.1306$	
Imaginary curve	$u' = .5$	
X'	$u = .4$	
	or	
$\sinh (3.6931 + u + u')$	$(+\sinh 1.5931)$	2.3591
$-\sinh (1.2523 + u')$	$(-\sinh 1.7528)$	2.7983
		$-.4392$
Y'	or	
$\cosh (.6931 + u + u')$	$(\cosh 1.5931)$	2.5622
$-\cosh (1.2528 + u)$	$(-\cosh 1.7528)$	-2.9711
		$-.4089$

LIE'S GEOMETRY OF CONTACT TRANSFORMATIONS.*

SOPHUS LIE.—*Geometrie der Berührungstransformationen*.
 Dargestellt von SOPHUS LIE und GEORG SCHEFFERS.
 Erster Band. Mit Figuren im Text. Leipzig, Druck und
 Verlag von B. G. Teubner. 1896. 8vo. Pp. xi+693.

Lie was asked in conversation once what constitute the necessary and sufficient characteristics of a mathematician. He replied forthwith: "Phantasie, Energie, Selbstvertrauen,

* Lie uses in the German *Berührungstransformation*; his French pupils translate it *transformation de contact*, Forsyth translates it *tangential transformation*, and Klein *contact transformation*. The latter English translation is retained here as a more precise designation, since by such a transformation not only is the property of tangency, but also in general the order of contact preserved.