

AVERAGE GAUSSIAN CURVATURE OF LEAVES OF FOLIATIONS

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Let F be a smooth transversely-oriented foliation of a compact, connected, oriented, Riemannian manifold W^{n+1} of constant sectional curvature $\equiv c$. Let $K_F: W \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ via $K_F(x) =$ the Gaussian curvature (defined below) of the leaf l^n through x at x . For $n = 2$ this is classical Gaussian curvature. Let vol be the canonical volume on W , and define \bar{K}_F by $\text{Volume}(W) \cdot \bar{K}_F = \int_W K_F \text{vol}$.

THEOREM 1.

$$\bar{K}_F = \begin{cases} 2^n c^{n/2} / \binom{n}{n/2}, & n \text{ even,} \\ 0, & n \text{ odd.} \end{cases}$$

THEOREM 2. Let $n + 1 = 3$ and suppose F, W, c are as above except that ∂W is nonempty and is a union of leaves of F . Then

$$\int_W K_F \text{vol} = 2c \text{Volume}(W) + \int_{\partial W} H \text{vol}'$$

where $H: \partial W \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ is the mean curvature (computed with respect to the transverse orientation), and vol' is the canonical volume on ∂W .

THEOREM 3. Suppose $n + 1 = 3$. Let F and W be as in the original hypotheses with $\partial W = \emptyset$ but assume the sectional curvatures of W lie between c_1 and c_2 . Then we have $2c_1 \leq \bar{K}_F \leq 2c_2$.

DEFINITION OF GAUSSIAN CURVATURE. We define, for a Riemannian manifold $l = l^n$, the function $K: l \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ in two cases (which overlap):

Case (i). n is even. In this case a local orthonormal frame on l gives rise to a matrix of curvature 2-forms, $\Omega = (\Omega_j^i)$ defined locally. The Pfaffians of the local Ω agree on overlaps and so define a global n -form $\text{Pf}(\Omega)$ on l . Letting ν denote the canonical volume form on l we set

$$K\nu = \frac{2^{n/2} \cdot (n/2)!}{n!} \text{Pf}(\Omega)$$

(see [3, vol. V, pp. 417–420]).

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