

## HIGHER DIFFERENTIAL ALGEBRAS OF DISCRETE VALUATION RINGS

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Let  $S$  be a commutative ring with identity. Let  $T$  be a commutative  $S$ -algebra.  $A_S(T)$  denotes the higher differential algebra over  $S$ , in the sense of Berger [1] or Kawahara-Yokoyama [5], with an index set consisting of all nonnegative integers.  $\{d_{T/S}^n\}_{n=0,1,2,\dots}$  denotes the canonical higher  $S$ -derivation of  $T$  into  $A_S(T)$ . In case  $S$  is the ring of all integers, we use simplified notations  $A(T)$  and  $d_T^n$  ( $n=0, 1, 2, \dots$ ).

Let  $R$  denote a complete discrete valuation ring, of a valuation  $v$  of unequal characteristic with maximal ideal  $\mathfrak{m}=(\pi)$ . Assume that the characteristic of  $k=R/\mathfrak{m}$  is  $p$ . Let  $P$  be a coefficient ring of  $R$ . Let  $\{\bar{c}_\iota\}_{\iota \in \Gamma}$  be a  $p$ -independent base of  $k$  and let  $c_\iota$  be a representative of  $\bar{c}_\iota$  chosen from  $P$  for every  $\iota \in \Gamma$ . The symbol  $\hat{\phantom{x}}$  means the  $p$ -adic completion of  $P$ -algebra. By arguments developed by Berger or Kawahara-Yokoyama in the cited papers, and formal smoothness and flatness of  $P$  over the prime local ring, we can deduce the following theorem.

**THEOREM 1.**  $A(P)^\wedge = P[d_{Pc_\iota}^n]_{\iota \in \Gamma; n=0,1,2,\dots}^\wedge$ , where  $P[d_{Pc_\iota}^n]_{\iota \in \Gamma; n=0,1,2,\dots}$  is a polynomial ring over  $P$  in distinct indeterminates  $d_{Pc_\iota}^n$ 's.

For simplicity, we denote canonical images of  $d_{Rc_\iota}^n$  in  $A(R)^\wedge$  by the same notation  $d_{Rc_\iota}^n$ , for  $\iota \in \Gamma$ . Let  $\{d^n\}_{n=0,1,2,\dots}$  be the canonical higher derivation of the polynomial ring  $P[X]$  into  $(R \otimes_{P[X]} A(P[X]))^\wedge$ . Let  $f(X)$  be the Eisenstein polynomial over  $P$  such that  $f(\pi)=0$ . Then we have the following formula for every  $n \geq 1$ .

$$(1) \quad d^n f(X) = f'(\pi) d^n X + \sum_{j \geq 2} \frac{f^{(j)}(\pi)}{j!} \sum d^{i_1} X \cdots d^{i_j} X \\
 + pG_n(d^1 X, d^2 X, \cdots; \cdots, d^i c_\iota, \cdots),$$

where the second sum of the middle term is taken for the sets of integers

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