

**DE RHAM'S INTEGRALS AND LEFSCHETZ
 FIXED POINT FORMULA FOR d'' COHOMOLOGY**

BY YUE LIN L. TONG¹

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We give here a brief sketch of a different approach to the Atiyah-Bott type Lefschetz fixed point formula for Dolbeault complexes. Our method is based on an extension to the complex case of de Rham's integral formulas for Kronecker indices [7]. This approach yields results for general fixed point sets, and in particular we shall give here a formula for isolated degenerate fixed points. Details and related results will appear elsewhere.

Following notations in [1], [2], [3], let X be a compact complex analytic manifold of complex dimension n ,

$$\Gamma(\Lambda^{p,*}X): 0 \rightarrow \Gamma(\Lambda^{p,0}) \xrightarrow{d''} \Gamma(\Lambda^{p,1}) \rightarrow \dots \xrightarrow{d''} \Gamma(\Lambda^{p,n}) \rightarrow 0,$$

$0 \leq p \leq n$, the p th Dolbeault complex, $f: X \rightarrow X$ a complex analytic mapping with isolated fixed points, and

$$T_{p,q} = \Lambda^p(d'f^*) \otimes \Lambda^q(d''f^*) \circ f^*: \Gamma(\Lambda^{p,q}) \rightarrow \Gamma(\Lambda^{p,q})$$

the induced endomorphisms on the complex. In terms of $T_{p,q}$ we define, as in [3],

$$\text{graph}\{T_{p,q}\} \in \Gamma'(\Lambda^{p,q} \boxtimes (\Lambda^{p,q})')$$

where $(\Lambda^{p,*})'$ denotes the geometric dual and Γ' the space of distributions. It is then seen that

$$\text{graph}\{T_p\} = \sum_{q=0}^n \text{graph}\{T_{p,q}\} \in H'(\Lambda^{p,*} \boxtimes (\Lambda^{p,*})').$$

Similarly define

$$\Delta_p = \sum_{q=0}^n \text{graph}\{I_{p,q}\} \in H'((\Lambda^{p,*})' \boxtimes \Lambda^{p,*})$$

where $I_{p,q}: \Gamma((\Lambda^{p,q})') \rightarrow \Gamma((\Lambda^{p,q})')$ is the identity. Analogous to [3], [6], one deduces from Poincaré duality and Künneth formula that the Lefschetz number

$$L(f^{p,*}) = \sum (-1)^q \text{trace}\{T_{p,q}^*\}$$

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