

THE PLEMELJ DISTRIBUTIONAL FORMULAS¹

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1. Introduction. Let (\mathcal{E}') be the space of Schwartz distributions with compact supports defined on \mathbf{R} . Let (\mathcal{O}'_α) be the space of distributions defined on the space (\mathcal{O}_α) of all infinitely differentiable complex-valued functions f on \mathbf{R} such that $f(t) = O(|t|^\alpha)$ and $f^{(p)}(t) = O(|t|^\alpha)$ for all p ($|t| \rightarrow \infty$).

In this announcement we extend the famous Plemelj formulas to the distributions in (\mathcal{E}') or (\mathcal{O}'_α) . A distributional extension in another direction has been given in [1]. The overlap with the present approach is little. The Plemelj numerically-valued relations are discussed in detail in [2], [5].

Paralleling the classical version, we will consider distributions T that are contained in (\mathcal{E}') or (\mathcal{O}'_α) and define the generalized Cauchy integral of T by $\hat{T}(z) = (1/2\pi i) \langle T, 1/(t-z) \rangle$, $\text{Im}(z) \neq 0$.

2. Statement of results. In what follows, D^+ and D^- denote the open upper and the open lower half-planes, respectively.

THEOREM 1. *If $T \in (\mathcal{E}')$ and*

$$\hat{T}^\pm(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \left\langle T, \frac{1}{t-z} \right\rangle$$

for $z \in D^\pm$, then $\hat{T}^\pm = \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} \hat{T}^\pm(t \pm i\epsilon)$ exist in (\mathcal{D}') and

$$(1) \quad \hat{T}^+ - \hat{T}^- = T,$$

$$(2) \quad \hat{T}^+ + \hat{T}^- = -\frac{1}{\pi i} \left(T * \text{vp} \frac{1}{t} \right).$$

THEOREM 2. *If $T \in (\mathcal{O}'_\alpha)$ for $-1 \leq \alpha < 0$ and*

$$\hat{T}^\pm(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \left\langle T, \frac{1}{t-z} \right\rangle$$

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