

INEQUALITIES FOR GENERAL MATRIX FUNCTIONS

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I. Introduction. In [4] Schur proved the following beautiful result. If H is a subgroup of the symmetric group of degree m , S_m , and $\chi(\sigma)$ is a character of degree 1 of H , then

$$(1) \quad \det A \leq \sum_{\sigma \in H} \chi(\sigma) \prod_{t=1}^m a_{t\sigma(t)}$$

for any m -square positive semi-definite hermitian matrix A . Observe that if H is the identity group, the inequality (1) is the Hadamard determinant theorem $\det A \leq \prod_{i=1}^m a_{ii}$. In [3] it was conjectured that per $A \geq \prod_{i=1}^m a_{ii}$ and in [2] this inequality was proved. Here per $A = \sum_{\sigma \in S_m} \prod_{t=1}^m a_{t\sigma(t)}$ is the permanent of A .

The purpose of the present paper is to announce some inequalities for the general matrix function

$$(2) \quad d_x(A) = \sum_{\sigma \in H} \chi(\sigma) \prod_{t=1}^m a_{t\sigma(t)}.$$

We shall see subsequently that Schur's inequality (1) is an immediate corollary to our Theorem 4.

II. Main results.

THEOREM 1. *If N is m -square normal with characteristic roots η_1, \dots, η_m , then*

$$(3) \quad |d_x(N)| \leq \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m |\eta_i|^m.$$

In case $\chi \equiv 1$, we have the following generalization of the van der Waerden conjecture in the non-negative hermitian case [3; 5].

THEOREM 2. *Let A be an m -square positive semi-definite hermitian. Let the i th row sum of A be denoted by r_i , $i = 1, \dots, m$, and suppose $\sum_{i=1}^m r_i = r > 0$. Then*

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