

## SOME PROPERTIES OF MEASURABLE FUNCTIONS

H. FEDERER AND A. P. MORSE

1. **Introduction.** Throughout this paper the letter  $I$  will denote some fixed closed interval and  $f$  a numerically valued measurable function on  $I$ . It is our purpose to establish certain general properties of  $f$ . We point out in §4 that two theorems of Banach are almost immediate consequences of these properties. We suspect that further use can be made of our results.

2. **Some notations.** We define

$$X^\wedge = E_y [y = f(x) \text{ for some } x \in X], \quad X \subset I,$$

$$Y^\vee = E_x [f(x) \in Y], \quad Y \subset I^\wedge.$$

Writing  $X^{\wedge\vee} = (X^\wedge)^\vee$  and  $Y^{\vee\wedge} = (Y^\vee)^\wedge$  we note that the relations

$$X \subset X^{\wedge\vee}, \quad Y = Y^{\vee\wedge},$$

$$\left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n\right)^\wedge = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n^\wedge, \quad \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} Y_n\right)^\vee = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} Y_n^\vee,$$

$$\left(\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n\right)^\wedge \subset \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n^\wedge, \quad \left(\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} Y_n\right)^\vee = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} Y_n^\vee,$$

$$X_1^\wedge - X_2^\wedge \subset (X_1 - X_2)^\wedge, \quad Y_1^\vee - Y_2^\vee = (Y_1 - Y_2)^\vee,$$

$$YX^\wedge = (Y^\vee X)^\wedge,$$

hold whenever  $X, X_1, X_2, \dots$  are subsets of  $I$  and  $Y, Y_1, Y_2, \dots$  are subset of  $I^\wedge$ .

We further define

$$\{y\} = E_z [z = y],$$

$$\mathfrak{F} = E_y [\{y\}^\vee \text{ is finite}],$$

$$\mathfrak{R} = E_y [\{y\}^\vee \text{ has at least } \aleph_0 \text{ elements}],$$

$$\mathfrak{Q} = E_y [\{y\}^\vee \text{ has more than } \aleph_0 \text{ elements}].$$

---

Received by the editors June 4, 1942.