

## ON A THEOREM OF HIGHER RECIPROCITY\*

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1. *Introduction.* Let  $\mathfrak{D}$  denote the totality of polynomials in an indeterminate  $x$ , with coefficients in a fixed Galois field  $GF(p^\pi)$  of order  $p^\pi$ . Let  $P$  be a primary irreducible polynomial in  $\mathfrak{D}$ ; then, if  $A$  is any polynomial in  $\mathfrak{D}$  not divisible by  $P$ , we define  $\{A|P\}$  as that element in  $GF(p^\pi)$  for which

$$\left\{\frac{A}{P}\right\} \equiv A^{(p^{\pi\nu}-1)/(p^\pi-1)} \pmod{P},$$

where  $\nu$  is the degree of  $P$ .

We have then the following theorem of reciprocity due to H. Kuhne‡ and rediscovered by Schmidt§ and Carlitz.||

If  $P$  and  $Q$  are primary irreducible polynomials in  $\mathfrak{D}$  of degree  $\nu$  and  $\rho$  respectively, then

$$\left\{\frac{P}{Q}\right\} = (-1)^{\nu\rho} \left\{\frac{Q}{P}\right\}.$$

If  $M = P_1^{a_1} \cdots P_k^{a_k}$  and  $(A, M) = 1$  we use the definition,

$$\left\{\frac{A}{M}\right\} = \left\{\frac{A}{P_1}\right\}^{a_1} \cdots \left\{\frac{A}{P_k}\right\}^{a_k}.$$

The purpose of this note is to give a simple new proof of the following theorem:

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‡ H. Kuhne, *Eine Wechselbeziehung zwischen Funktionen mehrerer Unbestimmter die zu Reziprozitätsgesetzen führt*, Journal für die reine und angewandte Mathematik, vol. 124 (1901-02), pp. 121-133.

§ F. K. Schmidt, *Zur Zahlentheorie in Körpern von der Charakteristik  $p$* , Sitzungsberichte der Physikalisch-medizinischen Societät zu Erlangen, vol. 58-59 (1928), pp. 159-172.

|| L. Carlitz, *The arithmetic of polynomials in a Galois field*, American Journal of Mathematics, vol. 54 (1932), pp. 39-50.