

## ON TRANSFORMATIONS OF DOUBLE SERIES

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1. *Introduction and Definition of Notation.* A double series  $\sum_{k,l=1}^{\infty} x_{kl}$  may be classified according to the behavior of the double sequence of its partial sums  $s_{kl} \equiv \sum_{i,j=1}^{k,l} x_{ij}$  as follows. The sequence  $\{s_{kl}\}$  is *ultimately bounded* (abbreviated *ub*) if there exists a number  $Q$  such that  $s_{kl}$  is bounded for all  $k, l > Q$ ; *bounded* (*b*) if in the preceding case  $Q$  can be taken to be zero; *convergent* (*c*) if  $\lim_{k,l \rightarrow \infty} s_{kl}$  exists (finite); *bounded convergent* (*bc*) if both *b* and *c*; *ultimately regularly convergent* (*urc*) if *c*, and if there exists a number  $\bar{Q}$  such that  $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} s_{kl}$  and  $\lim_{l \rightarrow \infty} s_{kl}$  both exist (finite) for all  $l > \bar{Q}$  and all  $k > \bar{Q}$ , respectively; *regularly convergent* (*rc*) if in the preceding case  $\bar{Q}$  can be taken to be zero; *bounded ultimately regularly convergent* (*burc*) if both *b* and *urc*.

It is the purpose of the present paper to establish necessary and sufficient conditions on the matrix  $\|b_{kl}\|$  in order that, whenever the series  $\sum_{k,l=1}^{\infty} x_{kl}$  is of a specified one of the above types, the transformed series  $\sum_{k,l=1}^{\infty} x_{kl} b_{kl}$  will be of a specified one of these types. The process of transforming will be indicated by an arrow; "sufficient" will be abbreviated by *S.*, "necessary" by *N.* Thus *N.b*  $\rightarrow$  *c* reads "a condition (or set of conditions) necessary that every bounded series have a convergent transform," and *S.b*  $\rightarrow$  *c* reads "a condition (or set of conditions) sufficient that every bounded series have a convergent transform."

Hardy\* found conditions *N.* and *S.rc*  $\rightarrow$  *rc*, and conditions *S.b*  $\rightarrow$  *rc*, and established relations (6) and (8) below. Kojima† proved the necessity of Hardy's conditions *S.b*  $\rightarrow$  *rc*, and discovered conditions *N.* and *S.c*  $\rightarrow$  *c*. C. N. Moore‡ established conditions *N.* and *S.bc*  $\rightarrow$  *bc* incidentally, in proving a theorem

\* Hardy, *On the convergence of certain multiple series*, Proceedings of the Cambridge Philosophical Society, vol. 19 (1920), pp. 86–95. This paper will be referred to as H.

† Kojima, *Theorems on double series*, Tôhoku Mathematical Journal, vol. 17 (1920), pp. 213–220. This paper will be referred to as K.

‡ C. N. Moore, *On convergence factors in multiple series*, Transactions of this Society, vol. 29 (1927), pp. 227–238. Let  $r=1$ , and fix  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  in Moore's Theorem 1.