

## SPACE OF SOULS IN A COMPLETE OPEN MANIFOLD OF NONNEGATIVE CURVATURE

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### 0. Introduction

Let  $M$  be a complete open Riemannian manifold of nonnegative curvature. The most significant result in the study of the differential structure of this type of manifold is due to Cheeger and Gromoll. In [3] they produced a totally geodesic submanifold  $S_0$ , a *soul* of  $M$ , and showed that  $M$  is diffeomorphic to the normal bundle  $\nu(S_0)$  of  $S_0$ . Following this work, Sharafutdinov and, independently, Croke and Schroeder showed that there exists a *strong deformation retraction*  $f: M \rightarrow S_0$  which is distance non-increasing [4, 8]. Using this retraction one can show that if a soul is not unique, then they are all isometric and homologous to each other. Moreover, there are infinitely many isometric copies of a soul in  $M$ , which are not necessarily souls. This observation leads us to the following definition.

**Definition.** A subset  $S \subset M$  is called a *pseudo-soul* if it is homologous and isometric to a soul  $S_0$  with respect to the induced metric.

In particular, it is clear that all souls are pseudo-souls, and the definition is independent of a soul  $S_0$ . If a soul is not unique, then there are infinitely many pseudo-souls. The purpose of this paper is to investigate the union  $\mathcal{H}$  of all pseudo-souls in  $M$ . In fact, we will prove the following theorem.

**Theorem.**  $\mathcal{H} \subset M$  is a totally geodesic embedded submanifold which is isometric to a product manifold  $S_0 \times N$ , where  $N$  is a complete manifold of nonnegative curvature diffeomorphic to a Euclidean  $k$ -space  $\mathbf{R}^k$  and  $k$  is the dimension of the space of all parallel normal vector fields along the soul  $S_0$ . Furthermore any pseudo-soul in  $M$  is of the form  $S_0 \times \{p\}$  for some  $p \in N$ .

As an immediate corollary of this theorem, if the normal bundle itself is parallel, we obtain the splitting  $M = S_0 \times N$ . This special case has been independently studied in [6].

There are two trivial examples of  $M$  for which one can easily find pseudo-souls and the space  $\mathcal{H}$ . If  $M$  is a paraboloid, then every point