## FOLIATIONS AND THE TOPOLOGY OF 3-MANIFOLDS

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## 1. Introduction

Given a compact connected oriented 3-manifold M with boundary  $\partial M$ , when does there exist a codimension-1 transversely oriented foliation  $\mathcal{F}$  which is transverse to  $\partial M$  and has no Reeb components? If such an  $\mathcal{F}$  exists, then  $\partial M$ necessarily is a (possibly empty) union of tori and M is either  $S^2 \times S^1$  (and  $\mathcal{F}$ is the product foliation) or irreducible. The first condition follows by Euler characteristic reasons while the latter follows from the work of Rosenberg [24] extending the work of Reeb [23] and Novikov [21]. Our main result says that such conditions are sufficient when  $H_2(M, \partial M) \neq 0$ .

If such a foliation  $\mathcal{F}$  exists on M, then it follows from the work of Thurston [32] that any compact leaf L is a Thurston norm minimizing surface for the class  $[L] \in H_2(M, \partial M)$ . Our main result says that for a 3-manifold M satisfying the above necessary conditions any norm minimizing surface can be realized as a compact leaf of a foliation without Reeb components.

**Theorem 5.5.** Let M be a compact connected irreducible oriented 3-manifold whose boundary  $\partial M$  is a (possibly empty) union of tori. Let S be any norm minimizing surface representing a nontrivial class  $z \in H_2(M, \partial M)$ . Then there exists foliations  $\mathfrak{F}_0$  and  $\mathfrak{F}_1$  of M such that:

(1) for  $i = 0, 1, \mathfrak{F}_i \pitchfork \partial M$  and  $\mathfrak{F}_i | \partial M$  has no Reeb components,

(2) every leaf of  $\mathcal{F}_0$  and  $\mathcal{F}_1$  nontrivially intersects a closed transverse curve,

(3) S is a compact leaf of both  $\mathcal{F}_0$  and  $\mathcal{F}_1$ ,

(4)  $\mathfrak{F}_0$  is of finite depth,

(5)  $\mathfrak{F}_1$  is  $C^{\infty}$  except possibly along total components of S.

We now state some corollaries of the theorem.

**Corollary 6.2.** Let L be an oriented nonsplit link in  $S^3$ . Then S is a surface of minimal genus for L if and only if there exists a  $C^{\infty}$  transversely oriented foliation

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