

On the Convolution of Functions of Two Variables and Generalized Harmonic Analysis

Dedicated to Professor Hisaharu Umegaki on his sixtieth birthday

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Introduction

In the linear filter theory, Wiener considered especially a weighting K in the time domain, i.e. the filters $K*$ for which the response g to an input signal f is given by

$$g(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} K(t-\tau)f(\tau)d\tau = (K*f)(t), \quad t \in (-\infty, \infty).$$

Also, he indicated the importance of admitting as inputs arbitrary signals of the class S . His main theorem in [9] is: If

$$(1+|t|)K(t) \in L^1 \cap L^2(-\infty, \infty),$$

then the response of the filter K to a signal f in S is a signal $g \in S'$, by using the generalized harmonic analysis (cf. Masani [5]).

In this paper, we shall extend this result to the case of functions of two variables under a restricted rectangular mean concerning the double limit process, using the generalized harmonic analysis of functions of two variables in Matsuoka [6].

Wiener has proved a Tauberian theorem in a generalized sense, with respect to a weighted moving average of a function which is bounded on the average. On the other hand, in Anzai, Koizumi and Matsuoka [1], we have considered the form of general Tauberian theorems about a weighted moving average $K*f$ of f . We shall also extend the above theorem of Wiener to the case of functions of two variables under a restricted rectangular mean concerning the double limit process in consideration of the modified form.