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Quadratic Residue Graph and Shioda Elliptic Modular Surface S(4)

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Dedicated to the memory of Professor M. Ishida*

0. Introduction

For each prime number $p \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$, one attaches a graph without direction to the prime field $\mathbf{F}_p = \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ by means of the Legendre symbol (cf. §1.1). This graph leads naturally to a rank two reflexive sheaf, denoted \mathfrak{E}_p , on the (p-1)-dimensional complex projective space $\mathbf{P}_{p-1}(\mathbb{C})$ (cf. [SEK 1], [SEK 2]). If p=5, then it coincides with the Horrocks-Mumford bundle (cf. [H-M]). The sheaf is both arithmetic and combinatorial in nature and it is seen that invariants of the graph are useful to describe the structure of the sheaf \mathfrak{E}_p . As a typical example, which is our main result in [SEK 2], the fourth Chern class $c_4(\mathfrak{E}_p) \in \mathbb{Z}$) is given by

(C1) $c_4(\mathfrak{E}_p) = -40\mathcal{N},$

where (cf. $\S1.1$)

 $\mathcal{N} = \#\{I \subset \mathbf{F}_p \mid \#I = 4 \text{ and whose graph is isomorphic to the square}\}$.

The set is related explicitly to a K3 surface, denoted V, which is defined to be the locus of the following quadratic relations in the five dimensional projective space $P_5(F_p)$ with homogeneous coordinates $z_{\alpha\beta}$ ($1 \le \alpha \le \beta \le 4$) (cf. [SEK 1])

(C2)
$$z_{\alpha\beta}^2 + z_{\beta\gamma}^2 = z_{\alpha\gamma}^2 \qquad (1 \le \alpha < \beta < \gamma \le 4).$$

Now, it is known that the Shioda elliptic modular surface S(4) of level 4 is birationally equivalent to a certain Kummer surface (cf. [Sh 3]). In §1 we see that V is biregularly equivalent to the Kummer surface. By a structure theorem of S(4) (cf. [Sh 3]), the zeta function of S(4) (and so that of V) is expressed by means of the Gaussian sum. Using this we give the following explicit form for (C1)

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