

Deformation of Current Lie Algebra with Type Euclidean Group

Faouzi AMMAR

Universite de Sfax

(Communicated by Y. Maeda)

Introduction.

Let E be a vector space of dimension n , we note $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ the non degenerate bilinear, symmetric form and the Lie algebra of orthogonal group

$$\theta(E) = \{M \in M_n(K) / \langle MX, Y \rangle + \langle X, MY \rangle = 0; \forall X, Y \in E\}.$$

There is an isomorphism between $\theta(E)$ and $\wedge^2 E$ (see section 2).

We consider $\mathfrak{g} = \theta(E) \ltimes E$ the semi direct product of $\theta(E)$ by E with Lie group G and \mathfrak{g}_F the current Lie algebra over a smooth manifold M with type G .

We note $H_{\text{loc}}(\mathfrak{g}_F, \mathfrak{g}_F)$ the cohomology of the Chevalley local cochains of the adjoint representation of \mathfrak{g}_F .

Our main purpose in this paper is to compute the second group of local cohomology of \mathfrak{g}_F and determine the local deformations associated to it.

1. Some notation and definitions.

Let $m = \dim M$, we denote by $\mathfrak{g}_\infty(m)$ the Lie algebra of formal power series in m indeterminates t^1, \dots, t^m with coefficients in \mathfrak{g} . We denote by $\sum_\alpha t^\alpha x_\alpha$ a generic element of $\mathfrak{g}_\infty(m)$; here $\alpha = (\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_m) \in \mathbf{N}^m$ is a multi-index, t^α is the monomial $(t^1)^{\alpha_1} \dots (t^m)^{\alpha_m}$, we denote by $|\alpha|$ the weight of α , let $|\alpha| = \sum_{i=1}^m \alpha_i$.

The adjoint representation of \mathfrak{g} induces a representation $(\sum_\alpha t^\alpha x_\alpha) \rightarrow ad_{x_\alpha}$.

For multi-indices $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_p$, we define the $(\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_p)$ component of a \mathfrak{g} -valued p -cochain C on $\mathfrak{g}_\infty(m)$ to be the p -linear map from \mathfrak{g}^p into \mathfrak{g} :

$$C_{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_p}(x_1, \dots, x_p) = C(t^{\alpha_1} x_1, \dots, t^{\alpha_p} x_p).$$

The cochain C is said to be homogeneous of weight k if $\sum_{i=1}^p |\alpha_i| \neq k \Rightarrow C_{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_p} = 0$.

Denote by $\bar{\mathfrak{g}}_\infty(m)$ the ideal of formal power series in m indeterminates, without constant term and with coefficient in \mathfrak{g} . The space of homogeneous \mathfrak{g} -valued cochains of order k on