111. On Spaces with a Complete Structure.

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The purpose of this note is to study the problem: Is it true that every completely regular space with a complete structure is homeomorphic to a closed subset of a Cartesian product of the space of real numbers with its usual topology?

Concerning the above problem, under a restriction with respect to cardinal numbers of the spaces, an affirmative answer will be given in this note.

§1. Definition 1.¹⁾ Let us call the structure of a completely regular space X with the uniformity made up of all countable normal coverings of the space X the *e-structure* of X and denote by eX. Moreover we say the space with the complete *e*-structure to be *e-complete* and let us call a cardinal number m to be *e-complete* if the discrete space with the potency m is *e*-complete.

Definition 2.³⁾ Let X be a completely regular space and let C(X, R) be the set of all real-valued continuous functions with domain X. Further-more let f be a function in C(X, R). Then the set of points in X for which f vanishes is said to be a Z-set and is denoted by Z(f). Finally let Z(X) be the family of all Z-sets of X. Then a subfamily \mathfrak{A} , of the family Z(X) is said to be a CZ-maximal family of X if \mathfrak{A} enjoys the following four conditions:

- a) \mathfrak{A} is not an empty family,
- b) A does not contain a void set,
- c) A never contains countable subfamilies with total intersection void, and
- d) \mathfrak{A} is maximal with respect to the properties a), b) and c).

§ 2. Lemma 1. Every CZ-maximal family of a completely regular space X is a Cauchy family of the e-structure eX. For any Cauchy family of the e-structure eX there exists a Cauchy family such that they are equivalent.

Lemma 2.³⁾ A completely regular space is homeomorphic to a closed subset of a Cartesian product of the reals if and only if for any CZ-maximal family the total intersection is not void.

¹⁾ J. W. Tukey: Convergence and uniformity in topology, Princeton University press, Princeton 1940; T. Shirota: On systems of structures of a completely regular space, Osaka Math. J. 2 (1950).

²⁾ E. Hewitt: Rings of real valued continuous functions, Trans. Amer. Math. Soc. 64 (1948).

³⁾ E. Hewitt: loc. cit, 2).