

249. Some Characterizations of Regular Duo Rings and Semigroups

By Sándor LAJOS

K. Marx University of Economics, Budapest, Hungary

(Comm. by Kinjirô KUNUGI, M. J. A., Dec. 12, 1970)

Some ideal-theoretic characterizations of regular duo semigroups¹⁾ and of strongly regular rings (= regular duo rings) were given by the author [2]-[5], and by the author and F. Szász [6]-[8]. In this note we shall establish several further ideal-theoretic characterizations of these classes of associative rings and semigroups.

First we prove the following criterion.

Theorem 1. *A semigroup S is a regular duo semigroup if and only if the relation*

$$(1) \quad L \cap R = LRS$$

holds for every left ideal L and every right ideal R of S .

Proof. Let S be a semigroup with property (1) for any left ideal L and any right ideal R of S . Then (1) implies

$$(2) \quad R = SRS$$

for any right ideal R of S , i.e. every right ideal R of S is two-sided. Similarly, (1) implies

$$(3) \quad L = LS^2$$

for each left ideal L of S , that is each left ideal L of S is two-sided. Therefore S is a duo semigroup. Next we show that S is regular. For any (two-sided) ideal I of S (1) implies

$$(4) \quad I = I^2S = IS^2 = SIS.$$

Hence we get

$$(5) \quad I^2 = (SIS)(SIS) = SI,$$

and

$$(6) \quad I^2 = I(IS^2) = (I^2S)S = IS$$

for every ideal I of S . (5) and (6) imply

$$(7) \quad IS = SI$$

for any ideal I of S . Finally (4) and (7) imply the relation

$$(8) \quad I = ISI$$

for each ideal I of S . This guarantees the regularity of S (cf. Luh [9]).

Conversely, let S be a regular duo semigroup. Then we have

$$(9) \quad I_1 \cap I_2 = I_1I_2$$

for any couple of (two-sided) ideals of S . (9) implies

1) We adopt the notation and terminology of [1].