

## 8. On Newman Algebras. II

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**3. The Equational Basis  $\mathbf{B}$ .** To show the equational completeness of system  $\mathbf{B}$ , it will suffice to derive  $\bar{N}_2^+$  from it, because the  $^{+\cdot}$ -transforms of the equations of  $\mathbf{B}$  and  $\bar{N}_2^+$  yield precisely Wooyenaka's axiom system II (see [7] and [8]):

$$\begin{array}{c}
 N_1 \\
 | \\
 N_1^+ \\
 / \quad \backslash \\
 N_2^+ \quad \bar{N}_2^+ \\
 | \\
 N_2^+ \\
 | \\
 \bar{N}_2^+.
 \end{array}$$

This implies then that  $\mathbf{B}^{+\cdot}$  is an equational basis for Newman algebras and the superfluousness of  $\bar{N}_2^+$  in Wooyenaka's system II.

3.1.  $xx = x$ .

$$x = x(x + \bar{x}) = xx + x\bar{x} = xx \quad (N_2, N_1, \bar{N}_2).$$

3.2.  $x\bar{x} = \bar{x}$ .

$$x\bar{x} = x\bar{x} + \bar{x}\bar{x} = (x + \bar{x})\bar{x} = \bar{x} \quad (\bar{N}_2, N_1^+, N_2^+).$$

3.3.  $x + \bar{x} = y + \bar{y}$ .

$$x + \bar{x} = (x + \bar{x})(y + \bar{y}) = y + \bar{y} \quad (N_2, N_2^+).$$

3.4.  $x + \bar{x} = \bar{x} + x$ .

(a)  $(\bar{x} + x)\bar{x} = \bar{x}\bar{x} + x\bar{x} = \bar{x}\bar{x} + \bar{x} = \bar{x}\bar{x} + \bar{x}\bar{x} = (\bar{x} + \bar{x})\bar{x} = \bar{x} \quad (N_1^+, 3.2, 3.1, N_1^+, N_2^+).$

(b)  $(\bar{x} + x)\bar{x} = \bar{x}\bar{x} + x\bar{x} = \bar{x}\bar{x} = \bar{x} \quad (N_1^+, \bar{N}_2, 3.1).$

Then  $x + \bar{x} = \bar{x} + x = (\bar{x} + x)\bar{x} + (\bar{x} + x)\bar{x} = (\bar{x} + x)(\bar{x} + x) = \bar{x} + x \quad (3.3, (a)-(b), N_1, N_2)$ .

3.5.  $\bar{x} = x$ .

$$\bar{x} = x\bar{x} = x\bar{x} + x\bar{x} = x(\bar{x} + \bar{x}) = x(\bar{x} + \bar{x}) = x \quad (3.2, \bar{N}_2, N_1, 3.4, N_2).$$

3.6.  $(y\bar{y})(\bar{y}\bar{y}) = y\bar{y}$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
 (y\bar{y})(\bar{y}\bar{y}) &= (y\bar{y})(\bar{y}\bar{y}) + y\bar{y} = (y\bar{y})(\bar{y}\bar{y}) + (y\bar{y})^2 = (y\bar{y})(\bar{y}\bar{y} + y\bar{y}) \\
 &= (y\bar{y})(y\bar{y} + \bar{y}\bar{y}) = y\bar{y} \quad (\bar{N}_2, 3.1, N_1, 3.4, N_2).
 \end{aligned}$$

3.7.  $\bar{y}\bar{y} = y + \bar{y}$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
 \bar{y}\bar{y} &= (y\bar{y} + \bar{y}\bar{y})(\bar{y}\bar{y}) = (y\bar{y})(\bar{y}\bar{y}) + (\bar{y}\bar{y})^2 = y\bar{y} + \bar{y}\bar{y} = y + \bar{y} \quad (N_2^+, N_1^+, 3.6-3.1, 3.3).
 \end{aligned}$$

3.8.  $x\bar{x} = y\bar{y} \quad (3.5, 3.7, 3.3, 3.7, 3.5)$ .

3.9.  $x(y\bar{y}) = y\bar{y}$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
 x(y\bar{y}) &= x(x\bar{x}) = x(x\bar{x}) + x\bar{x} = x(x\bar{x} + \bar{x}) = x(x\bar{x} + \bar{x}\bar{x}) \\
 &= x((x + \bar{x})\bar{x}) = x\bar{x} = y\bar{y} \quad (3.8, \bar{N}_2, N_1, 3.1, N_1^+, N_2^+, 3.8)
 \end{aligned}$$