

60. Value Groups of Henselian Valuations

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0. Introduction. Let us begin with Neukirch's formulation of general class field theory ([1], [2]). Let G be a pro-finite group and let (G_K) be the closed subgroups of G indexed by "fields" K . Take the "ground field" k such that $G = G_k$. For fields L and K , L is called an extension of K denoted by L/K , if G_K contains G_L and the group index $[G_K : G_L]$ is called the extension degree of L/K denoted by $[L : K]$. Further, if G_L is a normal subgroup of G_K , L is a Galois extension of K with the Galois group $G(L/K) = G_K/G_L$.

For fields K_1 and K_2 , the composite field $K_1 K_2$ is defined to be a field such that $G_{K_1 K_2} = G_{K_1} \cap G_{K_2}$, and the intersection $K_1 \cap K_2$ is defined to be a field such that $G_{K_1 \cap K_2}$ is the closed subgroup of G generated topologically by G_{K_1} and G_{K_2} .

Let $\hat{\mathbf{Z}}$ be the completion of the module \mathbf{Z} of rational integers with respect to the finite-index-subgroup-topology. Take a surjective continuous homomorphism $\text{deg}: G_k \rightarrow \hat{\mathbf{Z}}$ and let \tilde{k} be a field such that $G_{\tilde{k}}$ is the kernel of deg . For a finite extension K of k , put $\tilde{K} = K\tilde{k}$ and $f_K = [K \cap \tilde{k} : k]$.

Now suppose that a multiplicative G -module A is given. For a field K let A_K be the submodule of A of elements fixed by G_K . And for a finite extension L of K , we have a homomorphism $N_{L/K}: A_L \ni a \rightarrow \prod_{\sigma \in G_K/G_L} a^\sigma \in A_K$.

In [2], Neukirch defined a *Henselian valuation* with respect to deg to be a homomorphism $v: A_k \rightarrow \hat{\mathbf{Z}}$ satisfying the following two conditions;

(i) the image $\mathbf{Z} = v(A_k)$ contains \mathbf{Z} and $\mathbf{Z}/n\mathbf{Z} \simeq \mathbf{Z}/n\mathbf{Z}$ for any positive integer n ,

(ii) $v(N_{K|k} A_K) = f_K \cdot \mathbf{Z}$ for any finite extension K of k .

In this paper, any family (G, A, deg, v) as above will be called an *admissible situation* over k .

We shall study here the structure of the value group \mathbf{Z} of a Henselian valuation v and show that if for any finite subextension L/K of \tilde{K}/K the class field axiom

$${}^*H^i(G(L/K), A_L) = \begin{cases} [L : K] & \text{if } i = 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } i = -1 \end{cases}$$

holds, then a Henselian valuation v is essentially determined by G, A and deg .

Neukirch has shown that an admissible situation (G, A, deg, v) gives a "class field theory", if the class field axiom holds for any finite cyclic extension L/K . Thus our result will show that a Henselian valuation v is essentially unique in Neukirch's class field theory.

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