104. On the Derived Categories of Mixed Hodge Modules

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Let X be a nonsingular (separated) algebraic variety over C, and MHM(X, Q) the abelian category of mixed Hodge Modules [5]. For simplicity, MHM(X, Q) will be denoted by MHM(X). Let $D^{\flat}MHM(X)$ be the derived category of bounded complexes of MHM(X). Then $D^{\flat}MHM(X)$ are stable by the functors: $f_*, f_!, f^*, f^!, \psi_g, \varphi_{g,1}, \xi_g$ (cf. 1.1), D and \boxtimes . I would like to thank Prof. Kashiwara for useful and stimulating discussions.

§1. Vanishing cycle functors.

1.1. Let g be a function on X. By definition (cf. [5]) we have the exact functors

 $\psi_g: MHM(X) \longrightarrow MHM(X), \qquad \varphi_{g,1}: MHM(X) \longrightarrow MHM(X).$ We define a functor $\xi_g: MHM(X) \longrightarrow MHM(X)$ as follows:

Let $j_q: \{g \neq t\} \rightarrow X \times C$ be the open immersion, and $p: X \times C \rightarrow X$ the projection, where t is the coordinate of C. Then we define

$$\xi_{q} = \psi_{t,1} j_{q1} j_{q}^{*} p^{*}[1].$$

Note that the functors j_{q_1} and $p^*[1]$ exist by definition [5].

1.2. Proposition. We have the functorial exact sequences :

$$\begin{array}{c} 0 \longrightarrow \psi_{g,1} \mathcal{M} \longrightarrow & \xi_g \mathcal{M} \longrightarrow \mathcal{M} \longrightarrow & 0 \\ 0 \longrightarrow & j_1 j^* \mathcal{M} \longrightarrow & \xi_g \mathcal{M} \longrightarrow & \varphi_{g,1} \mathcal{M} \longrightarrow & 0 \end{array}$$

for $\mathcal{M} \in MHM(X)$, where $j: X \setminus g^{-1}(0) \rightarrow X$.

1.3. Remark. Beilinson's functor \mathcal{Z}_{g} used in [1] should correspond to $\xi_{g}j_{*}$.

1.4. Corollary. Let Z be a closed (reduced) subvariety of X, and $MHM_z(X)$ (resp. $D_z^b MHM(X)$) the full subcategory of MHM(X) (resp. $D^b MHM(X)$) of the objects with supports (resp. cohomological supports) in Z. Then

 $D^{b} MHM_{Z}(X) \longrightarrow D^{b}_{Z} MHM(X)$

is an equivalence of categories.

This follows from 1.2. by the same argument as in [1], because the adjunction $\operatorname{Hom}(j^*\mathcal{M}, \mathcal{N}) \simeq \operatorname{Hom}(\mathcal{M}, j_*\mathcal{N})$ for an affine open immersion j follows from the existence of the natural morphism $\mathcal{M} \to j_*j^*\mathcal{M}$.

§2. Duals.

2.1. Proposition. MHM(X) (hence $D^b MHM(X)$) is stable by the dual functor **D**.

This follows from the compatibility of the algebraic and topological dualities with respect to the functors ψ , φ_i .