

41. Homology of a Local System on the Complement of Hyperplanes

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1. Introduction and statement of results. Let $\{A_j\}_{1 \leq j \leq m}$ be a finite family of complex affine hyperplanes in C^n and let \mathcal{L} be a local system on the complement $X = C^n - \cup_{j=1}^m A_j$. The vanishing of homology $H_j(X, \mathcal{L})$, $j \neq n$, for a "generic" local system \mathcal{L} was treated by K. Aomoto [2] and M. Kita-M. Noumi [7] from different points of view. The object of this note is to give a simple criterion for such vanishing of homology and to give a basis of $H_n(X, \mathcal{L})$. We denote by f_j , $1 \leq j \leq m$, a linear form with $\text{Ker } f_j = A_j$ and let A_{m+1} denote the hyperplane at infinity. We consider a regular connection of the form $\Omega = \sum_{j=1}^m P_j d \log f_j$, $P_j \in \text{End}(V)$, where V is a finite dimensional complex vector space. Let us observe that the connection Ω is integrable if and only if $[P_{j_\nu}, P_{j_1} + \cdots + P_{j_q}] = 0$, $1 \leq \nu \leq q$, for any maximal family $\{A_{j_\nu}\}_{1 \leq \nu \leq q}$ such that $\text{codim}_C [A_{j_1} \cap \cdots \cap A_{j_q}] = 2$ (see [1]). These relations are related to the lower central series of the fundamental group of X (see [8], [9]). Let P_{m+1} denote the residue along A_{m+1} . We have $P_1 + \cdots + P_{m+1} = 0$.

Let us suppose that Ω is integrable in the followings. The connection Ω is said to be *generic with respect to the hyperplanes* $\{A_j\}_{1 \leq j \leq m+1}$ if the following conditions are satisfied :

- (1.1) (i) Any eigenvalue of P_j , $1 \leq j \leq m+1$, is not an integer.
 (ii) For any maximal subfamily $\{A_{j_\nu}\}_{1 \leq \nu \leq q}$, such that $\text{codim}_C [A_{j_1} \cap \cdots \cap A_{j_q}] = r$ with some $r < q$, any eigenvalue of $P_{j_1} + \cdots + P_{j_q}$ is not an integer.

The solutions of the system of differential equations $dY + \Omega \cdot Y = 0$ defines a local system \mathcal{L} on X , which determines a homomorphism $\rho : \pi_1(X, x_0) \rightarrow \text{Aut}(\mathcal{L}_{x_0})$. Let \tilde{X} be the universal covering of X . The homology $H_j(X, \mathcal{L})$ is defined to be the j -th homology of the complex $C.(\tilde{X}) \otimes_{Z[G]} \mathcal{L}_{x_0}$, where $G = \pi_1(X, x_0)$ and the space of chains of \tilde{X} is considered as a right $Z[G]$ -module via covering transformations and \mathcal{L}_{x_0} is a left $Z[G]$ -module via ρ . The homology of the locally finite (possibly infinite) chains is defined in the same way and we denote it by $H_j^{lf}(X, \mathcal{L})$.

Theorem 1. *Let us suppose that the integrable connection $\Omega = \sum_{j=1}^m P_j \times d \log f_j$ is generic with respect to the hyperplanes $\{A_j\}_{1 \leq j \leq m+1}$ in the sense of (1.1). Let \mathcal{L} denote the local system over $X = C^n - \cup_{j=1}^m A_j$ associated with Ω . Then we have an isomorphism*

$$(1.2) \quad H_j^{lf}(X, \mathcal{L}) \cong H_j(X, \mathcal{L}) \quad \text{for any } j,$$