## 133. Semivariation and Operator Semivariation of Hilbert Space Valued Measures

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§1. Introduction. Let  $\mathcal{G}$  and  $\mathcal{R}$  be a pair of Hilbert spaces.  $B(\mathfrak{G})$  denotes the Banach space of all bounded linear operators on  $\mathfrak{G}$ with the identity 1 and the uniform norm  $\|\cdot\|$ , and  $T(\mathfrak{G})$  denotes the set of all trace class operators on  $\mathfrak{G}$  with the trace  $\operatorname{Tr}(\cdot)$  and the trace norm  $\|\cdot\|_{r}$ . Let  $X = S(\mathfrak{G}, \mathfrak{R})$  be the set of all Hilbert-Schmidt class operators from  $\mathfrak{G}$  into  $\mathfrak{R}$ . For  $x, y \in X$  define  $[x, y] = x^* y \in T(\mathfrak{G}), \langle x, y \rangle_X$   $= \operatorname{Tr}[x, y]$  and  $\|x\|_X = \langle x, x \rangle_X^{1/2}$ . Then X becomes a Hilbert space with the inner product  $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle_X$ .

Let  $(\Omega, \mathfrak{F})$  be a measurable space. We consider X-valued measures defined on  $\mathfrak{F}$ . Denote by  $ca(\Omega; X)$  the set of all X-valued bounded and countably additive, in the norm  $\|\cdot\|_X$ , measures on  $\mathfrak{F}$ . The operator semivariation of  $\xi \in ca(\Omega; X)$  is the function  $\|\xi\|_0(\cdot)$  whose value on a set  $A \in \mathfrak{F}$  is given by

(1.1) 
$$\|\xi\|_0(A) = \sup \left\| \sum_{k=1}^n \xi(A_k) a_k \right\|_{\mathcal{X}}$$

where the supremum is taken for all finite measurable partitions  $\{A_1, \dots, A_n\}$  of A and for all finite subsets  $\{a_1, \dots, a_n\} \subset B(\mathfrak{H})$  with  $||a_k|| \leq 1$ ,  $1 \leq k \leq n$  (cf. Kakihara [2, Definition 3.1 and §5]). The semivariation of  $\xi$  is the function  $||\xi||(\cdot)$  whose value on a set  $A \in \mathfrak{F}$  is given in (1.1) by replacing  $a_k \in B(\mathfrak{H})$  with  $\lambda_k \in C$  (the complex number field) such that  $|\lambda_k| \leq 1$ ,  $1 \leq k \leq n$  (cf. Diestel and Uhl [1, pp. 2–4]). Then we have  $||\xi(A)||_X \leq ||\xi|| \langle A \rangle \leq ||\xi||_0 \langle A \rangle$ ,  $A \in \mathfrak{F}$ . In §2, we shall obtain the characterization of those measures  $\xi \in ca(\Omega; X)$  for which the following condition is satisfied :

$$(1.2) \|\xi\|_0(A) = \|\xi(A)\|_X, A \in \mathfrak{F}.$$

In §3, we consider the set  $ca(\Omega; \mathfrak{H})$  of all  $\mathfrak{H}$ -valued bounded and countably additive measures on  $\mathfrak{F}$ . The *operator semivariation* of  $\xi \in ca(\Omega; \mathfrak{H})$  is the function  $\|\xi\|_0(\cdot)$  whose value on a set  $A \in \mathfrak{F}$  is given by

(1.3) 
$$\|\xi\|_0(A) = \sup \left\|\sum_{k=1}^n a_k \xi(A_k)\right\|$$

where the supremum is taken as in the case of (1.1) and  $\|\cdot\|$  is the norm of  $\mathfrak{H}$ . If we identify  $\mathfrak{H}$  with  $S(\mathfrak{H}, \mathbf{C})$ , we see that the operator semi-