

## 51. Construction of Complex Structures on Open Manifolds<sup>\*)</sup>

By Masahisa ADACHI

Department of Mathematics, Kyoto University

(Communicated by Kunihiko KODAIRA, M. J. A., June 12, 1979)

**1. Introduction.** In 1951, in his book [6] N. Steenrod conjectured, "it seems highly unlikely that every almost complex manifold has a complex analytic structure".

In [7] Van de Ven showed the existence of a compact almost complex manifold of dimension 4 which does not admit any complex structure.

Recently S.-T. Yau [8] and N. Brotherton [2] have shown some examples of compact parallelizable manifolds of dimension 4 which do not admit any complex structure.

On the other hand, in [3] M. Gromov has shown a method to obtain complex structures on a special almost complex manifold. As a corollary, he has shown that on an open manifold of dimension 4, any almost complex structure is homotopic to a complex one.

In this note we shall improve a little on Gromov's result on the construction of complex structures on open manifolds. As a corollary we shall prove that on an open 6-dimensional manifold, any almost complex structure is homotopic to a complex one.

We study this problem within the frame work of A. Haefliger [4], [5] which permits one to view the problem as a lifting problem in homotopy theory.

The interest of Dr. K. Nakajima in the integrability of almost complex structures stimulated the appearance of the present note.

**2. Preliminaries.** We now give a brief recall on Haefliger's work [4], [5] that are needed here. Let  $\Gamma_q^C$  denote the topological groupoid of germs of local complex analytic automorphisms of  $C^q$ , and let  $B\Gamma_q^C$  denote a classifying space for  $\Gamma_q^C$ -structures. The differential induces a continuous homomorphisms

$$\nu: \Gamma_q^C \rightarrow GL(q, C),$$

hence also a continuous map

$$\nu: B\Gamma_q^C \rightarrow BGL(q, C).$$

We convert this map to a fibration and write  $F\Gamma_q^C$  for the homotopy fibre. Consider the following diagram:

---

<sup>\*)</sup> Dedicated to Professor A. Komatu for his 70th birthday.