

## 48. On a Regular Function, whose Real Part is Positive in a Unit Circle.

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1. Carathéodory's theory<sup>1)</sup> of positive harmonic functions in a unit circle attracted interests of many mathematicians<sup>1)</sup> and several proofs were given and the results were completed and now the main results stand in the following theorems. In this paper, I will give a simple proof, where the proof of Theorem 1(I) is suggested by Szasz's paper<sup>1)</sup> and the proof of Theorem 1(II) is the same as Schur's proof<sup>1)</sup> essentially, but in a modified form.

*Theorem 1.* Let  $f(z) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n z^n$  ( $a_0 = \text{real}$ ) be regular in  $|z| < 1$ .

Then (I)(Carathéodory<sup>1)</sup>-Toeplitz).<sup>3)</sup>  $\Re f(z) \geq 0$  in  $|z| < 1$ , when and only

when the Hermitian forms  $H_n(x) = \sum_0^n a_{\mu-\nu} x_\nu \bar{x}_\mu$  ( $a_{-\nu} = \bar{a}_\nu$ )<sup>3)</sup> are non-negative for

$n=0, 1, 2, \dots$ . If all  $H_n(x)$  are non-negative and  $H_0(x), \dots, H_{k-1}(x)$  are positive definite and  $H_k(x)$  is positive semi-definite, then  $f(z)$  is of the form:

$$f(z) = \sum_{\nu=1}^k \frac{r_\nu}{2} \cdot \frac{1 + \epsilon_\nu z}{1 - \epsilon_\nu z}, \quad (r_\nu > 0, |\epsilon_\nu| = 1, \epsilon_i \neq \epsilon_j (i \neq j)), \quad (1)$$

where  $k$  is the rank of the infinite Hermitian matrix  $H$ :

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} a_0 & a_1 & a_1, \dots \\ \bar{a}_1 & a_0 & a_1, \dots \\ \bar{a}_2 & \bar{a}_1 & a_0, \dots \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \end{pmatrix}.$$

(II) (I. Schur).<sup>1)</sup> If we put

1) C. Carathéodory: Über die Variabilitätsbereich der Fourierschen Konstanten von positiven harmonischen Funktionen. Rendiconti del circolo mat. Palermo. **32** (1911).

2) O. Toeplitz: Über die Fouriersche Entwicklung positiver Funktionen. Rendiconti del circolo mat. Palermo. **32** (1911). E. Fischer: Über das Carathéodorysche Problem. Rendiconti del circolo mat. Palermo. **32** (1911). I. Schur: Über potenzreihen, die in Innern des Einheitskreises beschränkt sind. Crelle. **147** (1917). O. Szasz: Über harmonischen Funktionen und I. Formen. Math. Zeits. **1** (1918). G. Szegő: Über Funktionen mit positiver Realteil. Math. Ann. **99** (1928). F. Riesz: Über ein Problem des Herrn Carathéodory. Crelle **146** (1916).

3) In this paper,  $\bar{a}$  means the conjugate complex of  $a$ .