

## 125. On the Product of Paracompact Spaces

By Kiiti MORITA

Department of Mathematics, Tokyo University of Education

(Comm. by Kinjirô KUNUGI, M.J.A., Oct. 12, 1963)

**1. Introduction.** As is well known, the topological product of two paracompact Hausdorff spaces is not normal in general. The cases for which the topological product  $X \times Y$  of a Hausdorff space  $X$  with any paracompact Hausdorff space  $Y$  has been proved to be normal are as follows:

- (a)  $X$  is compact (J. Dieudonné [1]).
- (b)  $X$  is  $\sigma$ -compact and regular (E. Michael [3]).
- (c)  $X$  is paracompact and locally compact (K. Morita [7]).

In this paper we shall show that these cases can be unified into a single case. Namely, we shall establish the following theorem

**Theorem 1.** *Let  $X$  be a paracompact normal space which is a countable union of locally compact closed subsets, and let  $Y$  be a paracompact normal space. Then the product space  $X \times Y$  is paracompact and normal.*<sup>1)</sup>

As an example of a paracompact normal space which is a countable union of locally compact closed subsets we can mention a  $CW$ -complex in the sense of J. H. C. Whitehead [16]. It is known (cf. C. H. Dowker [2, p. 563]) that the topological product of two  $CW$ -complexes is a closure finite cell complex but not a  $CW$ -complex in general. Theorem 1 shows that not only the product of two  $CW$ -complexes but also the product of a  $CW$ -complex with any paracompact normal space is paracompact and normal.

In Theorem 1 the condition that  $X$  be a countable union of locally compact closed subsets cannot be weakened further, at least so long as  $X$  is an  $M$ -space. Indeed, we have the following theorem, which gives a partial answer to a problem raised by H. Tamano [15].

**Theorem 2.** *Let  $X$  be an  $M$ -space, or more generally, a countable union of closed subsets each of which is an  $M$ -space. Then in order that the product space  $X \times Y$  be normal for any paracompact normal space  $Y$  it is necessary and sufficient that  $X$  be a paracompact normal space which is a countable union of locally compact closed subsets.*

The notion of  $M$ -spaces was introduced and discussed in our previous paper [11]. Countably compact spaces, metrizable spaces, and

---

1) It should be noted that the Hausdorff or  $T_1$  separation axiom is not assumed for paracompact normal spaces throughout this paper.