

## 172. Semigroups Whose Regular Representation is a Group<sup>1)</sup>

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The set of all mappings  $\rho_x$ , defined by  $a\rho_x = ax$ , is called the regular representation of  $S$ . The purpose of this note is to determine all semigroups whose regular representation is a group.

A left group is a semigroup with a right identity and with left solvability. In [1] Clifford proved that any left group is a direct product  $GxL$  of a group  $G$  and a left zero semigroup  $L$ . See [3] for other equivalent definitions.

Lemma 1. *If  $T$  is the regular representation of a left group  $GxL$ , then  $T \simeq G$ .*

Lemma 2. *If  $S$  is a semigroup and if  $T$  is its regular representation, then  $T$  is a permutation group if and only if  $S$  is a left group.*

Lemma 3. *If  $T$  is a permutation group on a set  $S$ , then there exists a binary operation on  $S$  such that  $S$  is a semigroup with  $T$  as its regular representation if and only if  $T$  satisfies the condition that, for all  $\alpha, \beta \in T$  and for all  $x \in S$ ,  $x\alpha = x\beta$  implies that  $\alpha = \beta$ .*

To demonstrate the binary operation in Lemma 3, we let  $\{S_i\}$  be the collection of transitivity components of  $T$ . We then select from each  $S_i$  an element  $e_i$ . Now, for each  $x \in S_i$  there exists, by assumption, a unique element  $\alpha \in T$  such that  $e_i\alpha = x$ . Denoting this  $\alpha$  by  $x\varphi_i$ , we get a mapping, for each  $i$ , from  $S_i$  into  $T$ . The operation  $x \cdot y = x(y\varphi_i)$  if  $y \in S_i$ , makes  $S$  a semigroup with  $T$  as its regular representation.

If  $T$  is a transformation semigroup on a set  $S$ , let  $S^*$  be the set of all elements of  $S$  which are in the range of some member of  $T$ , and let  $T^*$  be the set of all elements of  $T$  restricted to  $S^*$ .

Lemma 4. *If  $T$  is a transformation group on a set  $S$ , then  $T^*$  is a permutation group on  $S^*$ .*

Theorem 1. *If  $T$  is a transformation group on a set  $S$ , then there exists a binary operation on  $S$  such that  $S$  is a semigroup with  $T$  as its regular representation if and only if  $T$  satisfies the*

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1) This paper was presented by the author at the 1964 Summer Meeting of the American Mathematical Society at Amherst. The detailed proof will appear elsewhere.