

52. On Axiom Systems of Propositional Calculi. XVI

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In this paper, we shall show that several axiom systems of positive implicational calculus are equivalent. First we shall prove that 2-Axiom Base given by J. Lukasiewicz implies other axiom basis, i.e. 4-Axiom Base and 3-Axiom Base given by D. Hilbert, 2-Axiom Base and some 1-Axiom Basis given by C. A. Meredith (for example see, [2]).

For the details of the notations and the two rules of inferences for deductions, see [1].

The 2-Axiom Base given by J. Lukasiewicz is the set of the following two formulas.

- 1 $CpCqp.$
- 2 $CCpCqrCCpqCpr.$

Under these axioms, we have:

- 1 $p/CCpCqrCCpqCpr, q/Cqr *C2-3,$
- 3 $CCqrCCpCqrCCpqCpr.$
2 $p/Cqr, q/CpCqr, r/CCpqCpr *C3-C1 p/Cqr, q/p-4,$
- 4 $CCqrCCpqCpr.$
2 $p/Cqr, q/Cpq, r/Cpr *C4-5,$
- 5 $CCCqrCpqCCqrCpr.$
1 $p/CCCqrCpqCCqrCpr, q/Cpq *C5-6,$
- 6 $CCpqCCCqrCpqCCqrCpr.$
2 $p/Cpq, q/CCqrCpq, r/CCqrCpr *C6-C1 p/Cpq,$
 $q/Cqr-7,$
- 7 $CCpqCCqrCpr.$
1 $p/CqCpq, q/CCpqCpr *C3 p/q, q/p-8,$
- 8 $CCCpqCprCqCpq.$
2 $p/CCpqCpr, q/CqCpq, r/CqCpr *C4 p/q, q/Cpq,$
 $r/Cpr-C8-9,$
- 9 $CCCpqCprCqCpr.$
4 $p/CpCqr, q/CCpqCpr, r/CqCpr *C9-C2-10,$
- 10 $CCpCqrCqCpr.$
2 $p/CpCqr, q/Cpq, r/Cpr *C2-11,$
- 11 $CCCpCqrCpqCCpCqrCpr.$
2 $r/p *C1-12,$
- 12 $CCpqCqp.$
12 $q/Cqp *C1-13,$