## 168. On Characterizations of I-Algebra. II

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In this paper, we shall prove that an axiom system of implicational calculus given by Wajsberg is equivalent to Tarski-Bernays' axiom system using an algebraic formulation.

In his paper [2], by the algebraic technique Prof. K. Iséki has proved that Tarski-Bernays' axiom system implies Wajsberg's system and other systems. Further Prof. K. Iséki refers Tarski-Bernays' axiom system as I-algebra. We shall show that Wajsberg axiom implies Tarski-Bernays system. We shall carry out the proof algebraically.

Let  $\langle X, 0, * \rangle$  be an abstract algebra. (For the notion of this algebra and notations, see [1].) The algebraic formulations of Wajsberg axioms are given as the following 1)-2), D1-D3.

- 1)  $x \le x^*(y^*x),$
- 2)  $(x^*y)^*(z^*u) \leq x^*(z^*(u^*y)),$
- D1  $x \leq y$  means  $x^*y = 0$ ,
- D2  $0 \leq x$ ,
- D3  $x \leq y, y \leq x$  imply x = y.

In 2) we put z=x, y=x, then we have  $(x^*x)^*(x^*u) \le x^*(x^*(u^*x))$ . The right side is equal to 0 by putting y=u in 1). Hence by D1, D2, and D3, we have

 $3) \quad x^*x \leq x^*u.$ 

Let  $u=x^*(y^*x)$  in 3), then by 1) we have

4)  $x \leq x$ .

In 2) putting  $x=(z^*x)^*(z^*y)$ ,  $y=y^*x$ , and u=z, then we have  $(((z^*x)^*(z^*y))^*(y^*x))^*(z^*z) \le ((z^*x)^*(z^*y))^*(z^*(z^*(y^*x)))$ . The right side is equal to 0 by putting x=z, y=x, u=y in 2). Further the second term of the left side equal to 0 by 4). Hence we have

5)  $(z^*x)^*(z^*y) \le y^*x$ .

If we substitute  $z^*(u^*y)$  for x in 2), then the right side is equal to 0 by 4). Hence we have

6)  $(z^*(u^*y))^*y \leq (z^*u)$ .

Putting u=y, y=x, and z=y in 6), then by 4) we have 7)  $y^*(y^*x) \le x$ .

If we put  $y=y^*(y^*x)$  in 5), then by 7) we have 8)  $z^*x \le z^*(y^*(y^*x))$ .

Let  $x = (z^*y)^*x$ ,  $y = (z^*x)^*(z^*(z^*y))$ ,  $z = (z^*x)^*y$  in 5), then we have