

30. On Function Spaces over a Topological Semifield

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This paper is devoted to study function spaces, the elements of the space considered are functions from a topological semifield E to the real number field R .

The purpose of this paper is to introduce a topology into the function space and to consider about the property of continuous functions (see [1]).

Let E be a topological semifield and K the positive part of the semifield E .

Every semifield E is a linear topological space over the real number field R (see [2], [3], and [4]). The set K is a convex cone and its closure \bar{K} is also a convex cone. The cone K is called the positive cone of the topological semifield E .

The set K^* of all linear functionals which are non-negative on the positive cone K is called the dual cone, and the set $K^* - K^*$ considering of all differences of elements of K^* is the order dual E^* of E . The cone K^* defines an order on E^* which is called the dual ordering of E .

In particular, the topological semifield E satisfies the equality $K - K = E$. Therefore, the dual ordering is anti-symmetric i.e. if $f \geq g$ and $g \geq f$ then $f = g$. In this case $f - g$ is zero on each element of K and hence on $E = K - K$.

Next we shall consider the condition under which linear functional is the difference of two positive functionals on the topological semifield E .

Proposition 1. *Let E be a topological semifield. For any two elements $x, y \in E$ we set $\rho(x, y) = |x - y|$. The mapping obtained $\rho: E \times E \rightarrow \bar{K}$ transforms E into a metric space over the semifield E . The weak topology of this metric space coincides with the topology of the semifield E .*

Proposition 2. *Let E be a topological semifield. For any $x \in E$ we set $\|x\| = |x|$. Then E becomes a normed space over the semifield E . The weak topology of this normed space coincides with the topology of the semifield E .*

Let E be a normed space and let E^* be the space of all continuous real-valued linear function on E . The norm topology for the adjoint space E^* is defined by $\|f\| = \sup \{|f(x)| : \|x\| < 1\}$. The topology of