

## 26. On Axioms of Boolean Algebra

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An axiom system of the implicational calculus is given in the form of an algebra  $M = \langle X, 0, * \rangle$  satisfying the following conditions:

- 1)  $x*y \leq x$ ,
- 2)  $(x*y)*(x*z) \leq z*y$ ,
- 3)  $x \leq x*(y*x)$ ,
- 4)  $0 \leq x$ ,
- 5)  $x*y = 0$  if and only if  $x \leq y$ .

In our Note [1], the algebra  $M$  is called an  $I$ -algebra. In this algebra  $M$ , we shall introduce a new element 1 called unit element satisfying  $x \leq 1$  for every element  $x$  of  $X$ . If we define  $\sim x = 1*x$ , we have a Boolean algebra.

**Theorem 1.** *An  $I$ -algebra  $M$  with unit 1 satisfying  $x \leq 1$  for every  $x \in X$  is a Boolean algebra.*

In the proof of Theorem, we shall use some results in [1] without proofs. If we verify the following conditions:

- 1)  $(x*y)*(x*z) \leq z*y$ ,
- 2)  $y*(1*x) \leq x$ ,
- 3)  $x \leq x*(1*x)$ ,

then  $M$  is a Boolean algebra with complementation  $\sim x$  defined by  $\sim x = 1*x$ .

**Proof.** The first condition is the second axiom of the  $I$ -algebra. To prove  $y*(1*x) \leq x$ , we shall show  $(y*(1*x))*x = 0$ .

$$\begin{aligned} (y*(1*x))*x &= (y*x)*(1*x) && \text{((9) in [1])} \\ &\leq (y*1)*x && \text{((14) in [1])} \\ &= (y*x)*1 && \text{((9) in [1])} \\ &= 0. \end{aligned}$$

The third condition is obtained from  $x \leq x*(y*x)$ . Take  $y$  as 1, then we have  $x \leq x*(1*x)$ . Therefore we complete the proof of Theorem 1.

By Theorem 1 and some results mentioned in our Note [2]-[4] and [5], we have the following characterizations of the Boolean algebra with unit.

Let  $\langle X, 0, 1, * \rangle$  be an algebra with zero 0 and unit 1, where  $*$  is a binary operation on  $X$ .

**Theorem 2.** *The algebra  $\langle X, 0, 1, * \rangle$  is a Boolean algebra with unit, if it satisfies the following conditions:*