152. Note on the System of the Orthogonal Functions.

By Tatsuo TAKAHASHI.

Mathematical Institute, Tohoku Imperial University, Sendai.

(Rec. Oct. 12, 1934. Comm. by M. FUJIWARA, M.I.A., Nov. 12, 1934.)

Let $\{\varphi_i(s)\}\$ be an orthogonal system of functions which are defined and squarely integrable in (0, 1), and x(s) be a function defined in the same interval. The formal series

(1)
$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \varphi_i(s) \int_0^1 x(s) \varphi_i(s) ds$$

is called the expansion of x(s) by the system $\{\varphi_i(s)\}$.

Concerning the expansion (1), Haar had, in his Dissertation,¹⁾ proved the following theorems.

I. Let s_0 be a point in (0, 1), and put

$$K_n(s_0, s) = \sum_{i=1}^n \varphi_i(s_0) \varphi_i(s)$$

and

$$\omega_n = \int_0^1 |K_n(s_0,s)| \, ds \, .$$

If $\{\omega_n\}$ is not bounded, then there exists a continuous function whose expansion diverges at $s=s_0$.

II. If every continuous function is uniformly approximable by the system $\{\varphi_i(s)\}$ in (0, 1) and $\{\omega_n\}$ is bounded, then the expansion of every continuous function converges at $s=s_0$.

In the present paper, we prove these theorems by using theorems in the theory of linear operations, and at the same time, prove the following theorem.

III. If the hypothesis in I is satisfied, then the set of functions

W. Orlicz: Einige Bemerkungen über die Divergenzpunktmengen von Orthogonalentwicklungen, Studia Math. 2 (1930).

W. Orlicz: Eine Bemerkungen über Divergenzphänomene von Orthogonalentwicklungen, ibid.

2) The theorem in Haar's paper is a little more precise than this, but essencially equivalent.

¹⁾ A. Haar: Zur Theorie der orthogonalen Funktionensysteme, Math. Ann. 69 (1912).

Cf. H. Steinhaus: Sur les développments orthogonaux, Bull. de Acad. de Cracovie, Série A (1926).

Banach-Steinhaus: Sur les principes de la condénsation de singularités, Fund. Math., 9 (1927).