

## SOLUTIONS

No problem is ever permanently closed. Any comments, new solutions, or new insights on old problems are always welcomed by the editor.

**6.** *Proposed by Curtis Cooper and Robert E. Kennedy, Central Missouri State University, Warrensburg, Missouri.*

Prove

$$\sum_{n \leq x} \frac{1}{3n-2} = \frac{1}{3} \log(3x-2) + \frac{1}{6} \log 3 + \frac{\pi}{6\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\gamma}{3} + O\left(\frac{1}{x}\right),$$

where  $\log$  is the natural log and  $\gamma$  is Euler's constant.

*Solution by the proposers.*

We start with the following lemma.

Lemma.

$$\int_{\frac{1}{3}}^{\infty} \frac{u - [u + \frac{2}{3}]}{u^2} du = 1 - \gamma - \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{2} \log 3.$$

Proof.

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{\frac{1}{3}}^{\infty} \frac{u - [u + \frac{2}{3}]}{u^2} du &= \int_{\frac{1}{3}}^1 \frac{u - [u + \frac{2}{3}]}{u^2} du + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int_n^{n+1} \frac{u - [u + \frac{2}{3}]}{u^2} du \\ &= \int_{\frac{1}{3}}^1 \frac{u-1}{u^2} du + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \int_n^{n+\frac{1}{3}} \frac{u - [u + \frac{2}{3}]}{u^2} du + \int_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^{n+1} \frac{u - [u + \frac{2}{3}]}{u^2} du \right) \\ &= \log u + \frac{1}{u} \Big|_{\frac{1}{3}}^1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \int_n^{n+\frac{1}{3}} \frac{u - [u]}{u^2} du + \int_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^{n+1} \frac{u - [u] - 1}{u^2} du \right) \\ &= \log 3 - 2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \int_n^{n+1} \frac{u - [u]}{u^2} du - \int_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^{n+1} \frac{du}{u^2} \right) \\ &= \log 3 - 2 + \int_1^{\infty} \frac{u - [u]}{u^2} du + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{u} \Big|_{n+\frac{1}{3}}^{n+1} \end{aligned}$$