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## A note on Gruenberg algebras

Naoki Каwамото

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1. Let  $\rho(L)$ , e(L) and  $\overline{e}(L)$  denote respectively the Hirsch-Plotkin radical, the sets of left Engel and bounded left Engel elements of a Lie algebra L over a field  $\mathfrak{k}$ . The classes of abelian, nilpotent and solvable Lie algebras over  $\mathfrak{k}$  are denoted respectively by  $\mathfrak{A}$ ,  $\mathfrak{N}$  and  $\mathfrak{E}\mathfrak{A}$ . If  $\mathfrak{X}$  is a class of Lie algebras, then  $\mathfrak{L}\mathfrak{X}$ and  $\mathfrak{k}\mathfrak{X}$  denote respectively the classes of locally  $\mathfrak{X}$ -algebras and algebras with ascending  $\mathfrak{X}$ -series.

Simonjan [3] has shown that the class of Gruenberg algebras equals  $\pounds \mathfrak{A} \cap \mathfrak{L}\mathfrak{N}$  over a field of characteristic 0. Amayo and Stewart have asked the following among "Some open questions" in [1]:

Question 40. Over a field of characteristic p>0, suppose that  $L \in \pounds \mathfrak{A} \cap L\mathfrak{R}$ . L $\mathfrak{R}$ . Is it true that  $x \in L$  implies  $\langle x \rangle$  asc L?

In this note we shall give an affirmative answer to this question. This will be obtained as a collorary of the following theorem, which is proved over a field of characteristic 0 in [1, Theorem 16.4.2].

THEOREM 1. Let L be a Lie algebra over a field t of arbitrary characteristic. (a) If  $L \in \mathfrak{M}$ , then  $\rho(L) \subseteq \mathfrak{e}(L) = \{x \in L \mid \langle x \rangle \text{ asc } L\}$ .

(b) If  $L \in \mathbb{R}\mathfrak{A}$ , then  $\overline{\mathfrak{e}}(L) = \{x \in L \mid \langle x \rangle \text{ si } L\}$ .

COROLLARY Let L be a Lie algebra over a field  $\mathfrak{t}$  of arbitrary characteristic belonging to  $\mathfrak{t}\mathfrak{A} \cap \mathfrak{L}\mathfrak{N}$ . Then  $x \in L$  implies  $\langle x \rangle$  asc L.

We employ notations and terminology in [1]. All Lie algebras are not necessarily finite-dimensional over a field  $\mathfrak{k}$  of arbitrary characteristic unless otherwise specified.

2. We show the following lemma on ascending series of a Lie algebra, which is an extension of Lemma 16 in [2].

LEMMA. Let L be a Lie algebra and  $x \in e(L)$ . Assume that L has an ascending  $\mathfrak{X}$ -series where  $\mathfrak{X} = \mathfrak{A}$ ,  $\mathfrak{L}\mathfrak{N}$  or  $\mathfrak{L}\mathfrak{E}\mathfrak{A}$ . Then L has an ascending  $\mathfrak{X}$ -series with terms idealized by x.

**PROOF.** Let  $(L_{\alpha})_{\alpha \leq \lambda}$  be an ascending  $\mathfrak{X}$ -series of L with an ordinal  $\lambda$ . Let  $H_{\alpha}$  be the sum of  $\langle x \rangle$ -invariant subspaces of  $L_{\alpha}$  ( $\alpha \leq \lambda$ ). Then  $H_{\alpha}$  is the largest  $\langle x \rangle$ -invariant subalgebra of  $L_{\alpha}$  (cf. [2, Lemma 15]). Clearly  $H_0 = L_0 = 0$ ,