The Fock representations of the Virasoro algebra and the Hirota equations of the modified KP hierarchies

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0. Introduction

The Virasoro algebra l is the Lie algebra over the complex number field C of the form $l = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} Cl_k \oplus Cc$ with the bracket relations

$$[l_k, l_m] = (k-m)l_{k+m} + \frac{1}{12}(k^3 - k)\delta_{k+m,0}c, \quad [c, l] = \{0\}.$$

This algebra is the one-dimensional central extension of the so-called Witt algebra. The Virasoro algebra was introduced by physicists in their string theory of the elementary particles (cf. [6]). Mathematicians started to develop a representation theory of this algebra very recently.

Let us make a survey of the contents of this paper.

We recall the definition and some properties of the Virasoro algebra and the highest weight modules over it in section 1. An I-module M is called a "highest weight module" if there exists a non-zero vector v_o (the highest weight vector) such that 1) $U(I)v_o = M$, where U(I) is the universal enveloping algebra of I, 2) there exists $\lambda \in (Cl_0 \oplus Cc)^*$ (the highest weight) such that $Hv_o = \lambda(H)v_o$ for all $H \in (Cl_0 \oplus Cc)$, 3) $l_k v_o = 0$ for all positive k. The study of such modules was started by V. Kac ([3, 4]). He obtained the determinant formula for the matrix of the vacuum expectation values, and gave the "formal character" of some irreducible highest weight I-modules (THEOREM 1.1).

In section 2 we treat another kind of representations of I, which is called the "Fock representations" (cf. [6], [12]). Let a_j ($j \in \mathbb{Z}$) be the operators, acting on some "Fock space", with the following commutation relations:

(0.1)
$$[a_j, a_i] = j\delta_{i+j,0}.$$

Define the operators

(0.2)
$$L_{k} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} : a_{-j} a_{j+k} :$$

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